



Third Quarter 2017 Earnings Report

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, regarding management's beliefs, estimates, projections and assumptions with respect to, among other things, the Company's financial results, future operations, business plans and investment strategies, as well as industry and market conditions, all of which are subject to change. Words like "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "promise," "plan," and other expressions or words of similar meanings, as well as future or conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Actual results and operations for any future period may vary materially from those projected herein and from past results discussed herein.

Factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated include, but are not limited to: the continually changing federal, state and local laws and regulations applicable to the highly regulated industry in which we operate; lawsuits or governmental actions that may result from any noncompliance with the laws and regulations applicable to our businesses; the mortgage lending and servicing-related regulations promulgated by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau and its enforcement of these regulations; our dependence on U.S. government-sponsored entities and changes in their current roles or their guarantees or guidelines; changes to government mortgage modification programs; the licensing and operational requirements of states and other jurisdictions applicable to the Company's businesses, to which our bank competitors are not subject; foreclosure delays and changes in foreclosure practices; certain banking regulations that may limit our business activities; our dependence on the multifamily and commercial real estate sectors for future originations of commercial mortgage loans and other commercial real estate related loans; changes in macroeconomic and U.S. real estate market conditions; difficulties inherent in growing loan production volume; difficulties inherent in adjusting the size of our operations to reflect changes in business levels; purchase opportunities for mortgage servicing rights and our success in winning bids; changes in prevailing interest rates; increases in loan delinquencies and defaults; our reliance on PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust (NYSE: PMT) as a significant source of financing for, and revenue related to, our mortgage banking business; any required additional capital and liquidity to support business growth that may not be available on acceptable terms, if at all; our obligation to indemnify third-party purchasers or repurchase loans if loans that we originate, acquire, service or assist in the fulfillment of, fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances; our obligation to indemnify PMT and the Investment Funds if its services fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances; decreases in the returns on the assets that we select and manage for our clients, and our resulting management and incentive fees; the extensive amount of regulation applicable to our investment management segment; conflicts of interest in allocating our services and investment opportunities among us and our advised entities; the effect of public opinion on our reputation; our recent growth; our ability to effectively identify, manage, monitor and mitigate financial risks; our initiation of new business activities or expansion of existing business activities; our ability to detect misconduct and fraud; and our ability to mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider all of the uncertainties and risks described above, as well as those more fully discussed in reports and other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, and the statements made in this presentation are current as of the date of this presentation only.

Third Quarter Highlights

- Pretax income was \$94.1 million; diluted earnings per share were \$0.71
 - Strong earnings contributions from both the production and servicing businesses
 - Issued \$500 million of 5-year term notes at attractive levels under Ginnie Mae mortgage servicing rights (MSR) financing structure
 - Repurchased approximately 500,000 shares of PFSI's Class A common stock at a cost of \$8.6 million; weighted average price of \$17.01 per share
 - Book value per share increased to \$17.20 from \$16.40 at June 30, 2017 and from \$14.41 at September 30, 2016
- Production segment pretax income was \$69.0 million, up 3% from 2Q17 and down 54% from 3Q16
 - Total funded production volume was \$18.9 billion in unpaid principal balance (UPB), up 8% from 2Q17 and down 8% from 3Q16
 - Total correspondent government and consumer direct locks were \$13.2 billion in UPB, down 2% from 2Q17 and 19% from 3Q16
- Servicing segment pretax income was \$24.5 million compared to pretax losses of \$11.2 million in 2Q17 and \$10.7 million in 3Q16
 - Servicing portfolio grew to \$238.4 billion in UPB, up 4% from June 30, 2017 and 31% from September 30, 2016
 - Successfully transferred \$11.9 billion in UPB of MSRs from previously settled acquisitions
 - Pretax income excluding valuation-related changes was \$37.1 million, up from \$15.3 million in 2Q17 and \$9.9 million in 3Q16
 - Valuation-related changes include a \$22.0 million decrease in MSR values, a \$4.8 million gain due to the change in fair value of the excess servicing spread (ESS) liability and \$7.2 million in hedging gains

Third Quarter Highlights (continued)

- Investment Management segment pretax income was \$0.7 million, down from \$2.5 million in 2Q17 and up from \$0.2 million in 3Q16
 - Net assets under management (AUM) were \$1.6 billion, essentially unchanged from \$1.6 billion at June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016
 - The Investment Funds successfully completed the sale of substantially all of their remaining assets to a third party; \$61 million of previously recognized carried interest was received by PFSI

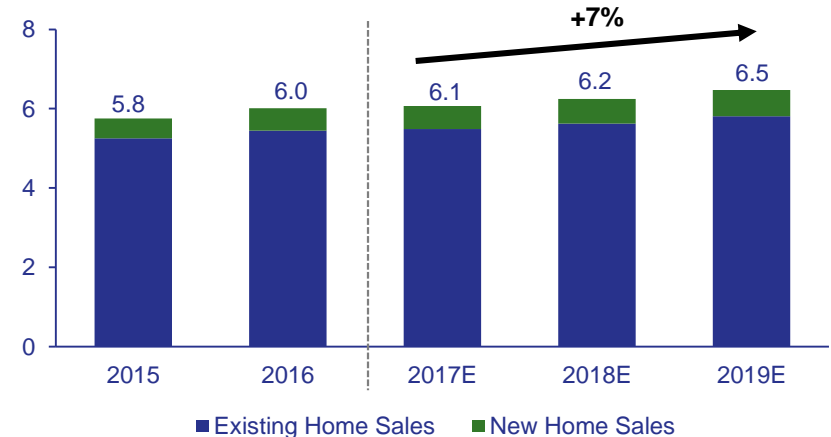
Current Market Environment

- Despite recent increases in short-term interest rates, mortgage rates remain low
 - Mortgage rates declined during the quarter to their lowest levels of 2017 before rebounding to 3.83% at quarter end⁽¹⁾
 - Refinance application activity as tracked by the MBA increased in response to lower rates, but has subsequently slowed⁽²⁾
- Home sales in 3Q17 slowed from their recent high levels this spring, but the fundamental drivers for housing growth remain positive
 - Home sales constrained by tight supply levels
 - Consumer demand for home purchases continues to increase, driving higher forecasts for new and existing home sales
- Mortgage delinquencies remain at multiyear lows, despite other consumer credit trends⁽⁴⁾
 - Recent natural disasters may lead to temporary increases in delinquencies in affected areas and result in higher costs for mortgage servicers

Average 30-year fixed rate mortgage⁽¹⁾



Home Sales⁽³⁾
(in millions)



⁽¹⁾ Freddie Mac Primary Mortgage Market Survey. 3.94% as of 10/26/2017

⁽²⁾ Mortgage Bankers Association Refinance Index – 1,503 at 9/1/2017 and 1,357 at 10/20/2017

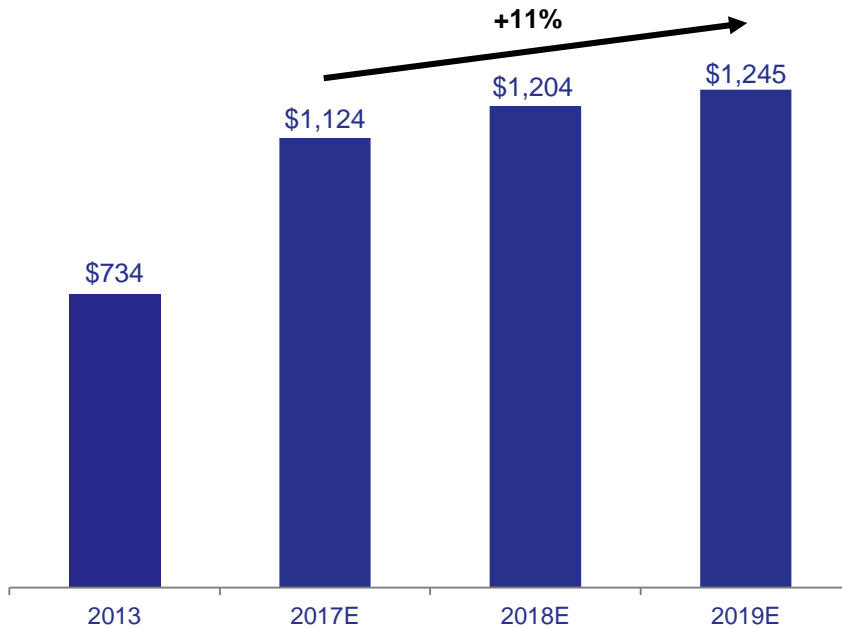
⁽³⁾ Actual results are from Census Bureau – seasonally adjusted. Forecast estimates are from the Mortgage Bankers Association

⁽⁴⁾ Black Knight Financial Services – Total U.S. loan delinquency rate (30 day+ delinquent but not in foreclosure) was 4.40% as of September 2017

PFSI's Production Franchise Is Well Positioned for Future Growth

Total U.S. Purchase Money Mortgage Originations⁽¹⁾

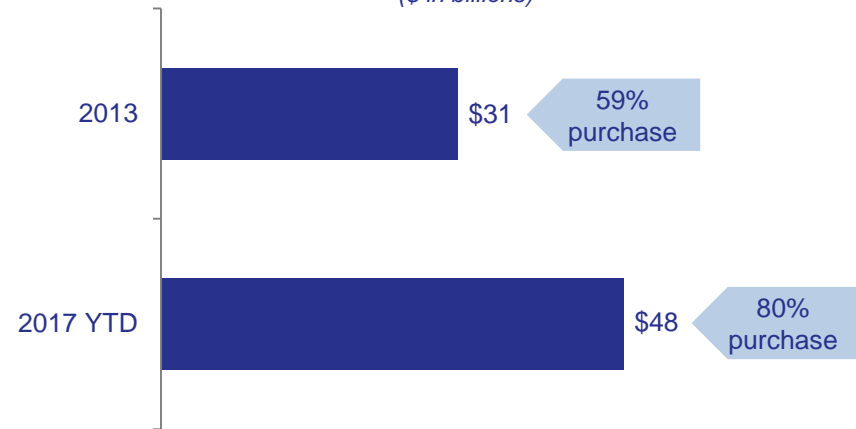
(\$ in billions)



- Strong demand for homes is expected to drive demand for mortgages to finance those purchases

PennyMac Financial Correspondent Production

(\$ in billions)



- PennyMac built its production platform to be successful in a normalized mortgage market
 - Market-leading correspondent franchise is geared to capture purchase-money production
 - Accounted for 80% of volumes YTD
- Production business expected to benefit from continued market share gains, especially in consumer direct and broker direct channels

MSR Financing Is Transformational for Non-Bank Business Model

- PennyMac Financial’s financing capabilities have developed significantly over the last several years
 - Strong and mature capital structure (low levels of debt, well collateralized by assets and supported by strong earnings) distinguishes PFSI among public non-bank mortgage companies
- Ginnie Mae MSR financing structure provides important solution to financing PFSI’s largest long-term asset
 - Term notes are better aligned to asset’s cash flow duration
 - Diversifies financing sources from banks to include institutional investors
 - Variable Funding Note (VFN) provides aggregation financing to maintain leverage as MSR asset grows
 - Improves returns on equity of owning MSRs and provides cost-effective capital to invest in PennyMac Financial’s future growth

Asset	Financing						
MSRs: \$2.0 billion at 9/30/17	<table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 10px; vertical-align: middle;"><i>Ginnie Mae MSR</i></td> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">}</td> <td style="vertical-align: middle;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$400 million 3-year term note at L + 4.75% • \$500 million 5-year term note at L + 4.00% – issued in 3Q17 • \$100 million outstanding VFN repo (\$52 million additional borrowing available) • \$249 million outstanding ESS related to previous bulk acquisitions </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 10px; vertical-align: middle;"><i>Conventional MSR</i></td> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">}</td> <td style="vertical-align: middle;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank facilities in place </td> </tr> </table>	<i>Ginnie Mae MSR</i>	}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$400 million 3-year term note at L + 4.75% • \$500 million 5-year term note at L + 4.00% – issued in 3Q17 • \$100 million outstanding VFN repo (\$52 million additional borrowing available) • \$249 million outstanding ESS related to previous bulk acquisitions 	<i>Conventional MSR</i>	}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank facilities in place
<i>Ginnie Mae MSR</i>	}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$400 million 3-year term note at L + 4.75% • \$500 million 5-year term note at L + 4.00% – issued in 3Q17 • \$100 million outstanding VFN repo (\$52 million additional borrowing available) • \$249 million outstanding ESS related to previous bulk acquisitions 					
<i>Conventional MSR</i>	}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank facilities in place 					

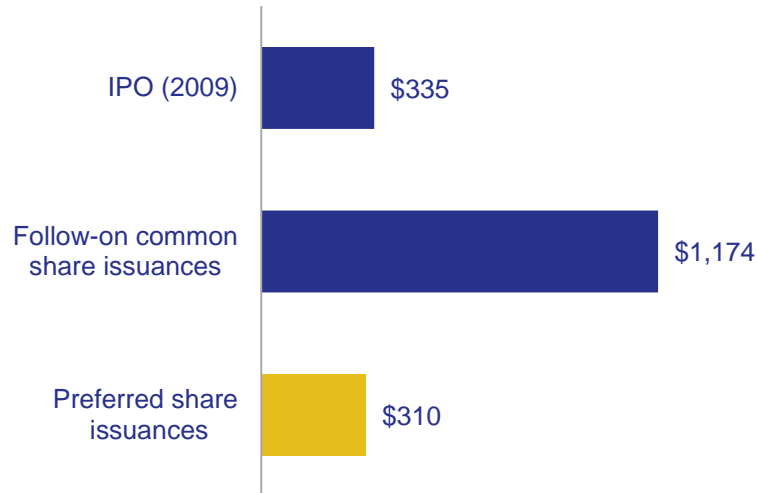
- Most of PFSI’s other assets are short duration / transitional in nature, e.g., mortgage loans held for sale financed with warehouse lines from seven banks with staggered maturities

Significant Accomplishments in PFSI's Investment Management Business

PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust (NYSE: PMT)

Equity Capital Raised

(\$ in millions)



- Successful track record of raising capital over time and growing PMT as appropriate
- Recent capital raises facilitated by strong markets and significant growth potential for PMT's investment strategy – in particular, GSE credit risk transfer

Private Opportunity Funds

- In August, the Investment Funds successfully completed the sale of substantially all of their remaining assets to a third-party investor
- PFSI collected a significant portion of its carried interest for the Funds' investment performance – \$61 million of cash received by PFSI during the quarter
- Remaining carried interest (\$8.5 million fair value) will be realized with the final dissolution of the Funds, expected in early 2018

Technology Is Integral to PennyMac Financial's Leading Platform

- Technology implementation and development has been core to PennyMac Financial's success. We utilize a wide range of systems to improve the speed, accuracy and scalability of our operations
- Some examples of the proprietary technology that enable our market-leading correspondent business and ability to manage high volumes of loans include:
 - **Loan Pricing Engine** – Proprietary system that automatically generates rate sheets and prices bulk acquisitions. Provides highly detailed loan-level pricing adjustment in real time during the trading day
 - Facilitates the ability to accurately execute high volumes of bids on a daily basis
 - **Margin Management** – Provides the ability to efficiently manage margins at the transaction or client level in order to optimize acquisition volumes and profitability. Functionality includes pricing by product, loan attributes, geography, loan size, commitment period, and counterparty
 - **Post Funding** – Processes accounts receivable and payable requests and allows clients to request transactions and track status
 - **Inventory Management System** – Integrates loan inventory reporting and warehouse line management
 - **Loan Pooling System** – Drives best execution across all security instruments and rates, investors, buy-up buy-down, high balance to standard balance optimization and specified pool analysis
 - **PennyMac Loan Management System** – Integrates asset acquisition (e.g., bulk MSR deals) from bid through pricing, due diligence and settlement
 - **Correspondent Client Management** – tracks and monitors client attributes and certifications including: contact information, contract status, ownership, financial information, and re-certification quarterly and annually

Broker Direct Channel Launch Will Utilize Innovative New Technology

- **Broker direct channel launch** - expected in 4Q17. Combines state-of-the-art technology of the new broker direct platform with PennyMac's industry-leading operational capabilities
- **Broker POWER platform** - designed with a focus on process transparency, consistency and delivering exceptional experience for brokers on every loan, everyday
 - Seamless integration between brokers and our centralized sales and fulfillment functions
 - Sophisticated CRM functionality
 - Pipeline account managers
- **Broker channel is an attractive growth opportunity**
 - Access to an additional 10% of the \$1.7 trillion mortgage market⁽¹⁾
 - Leverages our ability to profitably produce high volumes of loans
- **Elements of this system are portable to our Consumer Direct channel**

Broker **POWER** platform is the centerpiece of our centralized sales and engagement model

The image displays two screenshots of the Broker POWER platform. The top screenshot shows a loan summary for John Smith, including contact information and a progress bar for the loan process. The bottom screenshot shows the main dashboard for Alexander M, featuring primary contacts, a welcome message, and various action buttons like Pipeline, Price/Lock, Create Loan, and Action Required.

Rollout of New Technologies Across Loan Servicing

- Successfully phased in 20 servicing enhancement modules thus far in 2017 designed to automate and increase the efficiency of loan servicing. Examples of the elements we have built include:
 - **Payoff demand automation** - allows Consumer Direct Lending and Servicing to receive and order a payoff demand in seconds compared to two to three days previously – reduces loan closing time lines and improves customer service
 - Included in the automation: PennyMac Financial's online servicing portal, Interactive Voice Response system, and call center
 - **Auto-Documentation** - leverages leading technologies to automatically document actions taken on loans by customer service as tasks are processed
 - Reduces manually keyed documentation by over 90% and significantly enhances the timeliness of loan status updates
 - Functionality has broad productivity enhancement potential across Servicing
 - **Enhanced cash payment intelligence** - focuses on reducing misapplied payments and exception processing
 - Ensures consistently accurate posting of unscheduled payments such as escrow shortage payments, fees and loan curtailments
 - Reduces processing and research costs
- Leveraging technology to consistently deliver improvements to the customer experience while also producing sustainable cost reductions and greater efficiencies through automation

We employ approximately 175 in-house developers to continually refine and improve our technology across all of our businesses and have invested over \$90 million in the past 3 years to develop these and other proprietary systems

Servicing Profitability Excluding Valuation-Related Changes

	3Q16		2Q17		3Q17	
	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾
Operating revenue	\$ 128.2	29.0	\$ 143.3	26.5	\$ 167.4	28.4
Amortization and realization of MSR cash flows	(56.6)	(12.8)	(55.5)	(10.3)	(65.7)	(11.2)
EBO-related revenue ⁽²⁾	17.9	4.1	32.5	6.0	39.4	6.7
Servicing expenses:						
Operating expenses	(51.1)	(11.6)	(58.8)	(10.9)	(65.2)	(11.1)
Credit losses and provisions for defaulted loans	(10.7)	(2.4)	(20.4)	(3.8)	(10.4)	(1.8)
EBO transaction-related expense	(7.1)	(1.6)	(6.2)	(1.2)	(6.1)	(1.0)
Financing expenses:						
Interest on ESS	(4.8)	(1.1)	(4.4)	(0.8)	(4.0)	(0.7)
Interest to third parties	(5.8)	(1.3)	(15.2)	(2.8)	(18.2)	(3.1)
Pretax income excluding valuation-related changes	\$ 9.9	2.2	\$ 15.3	2.8	\$ 37.1	6.3
Valuation-related changes⁽³⁾						
MSR fair value ⁽⁴⁾	(43.2)		(36.9)		(22.0)	
ESS liability fair value	4.1		7.2		4.8	
Hedging derivatives gains (losses)	19.0		(2.0)		7.2	
Provision for credit losses on active loans ⁽⁵⁾	\$ (0.5)		\$ 5.3		\$ (2.7)	
Servicing segment pretax income (loss)	\$ (10.8)		\$ (11.2)		\$ 24.5	

- Substantial increase in pretax income excluding valuation-related changes versus prior quarters
 - Primarily driven by portfolio growth, including full effect of recent bulk acquisitions, and normalized levels of credit losses
 - Early Buyout (EBO)-related revenue continued to increase, driven by strong reperformance and capital deployment in EBO transactions
 - Partially offset by increased financing expenses resulting from the term notes
 - Modest increase in operating expenses per unit due to transitional expenses associated with the bulk acquisitions and servicing transfers

(1) Of average portfolio UPB, annualized

(2) Comprised of net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value and net interest income related to EBO loans

(3) Changes in fair value do not include realization of MSR cash flows, which are included in amortization and realization of MSR cash flows above

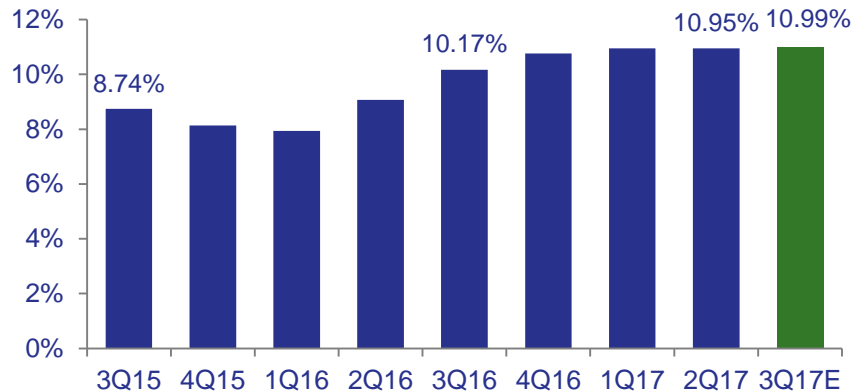
(4) Includes fair value changes and provision for impairment

(5) Considered in the assessment of MSR fair value changes

Trends in PennyMac Financial's Businesses

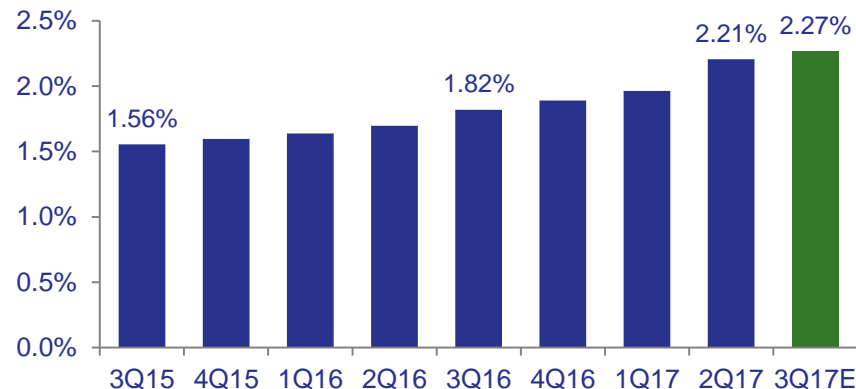
Correspondent Production⁽¹⁾

Market Share



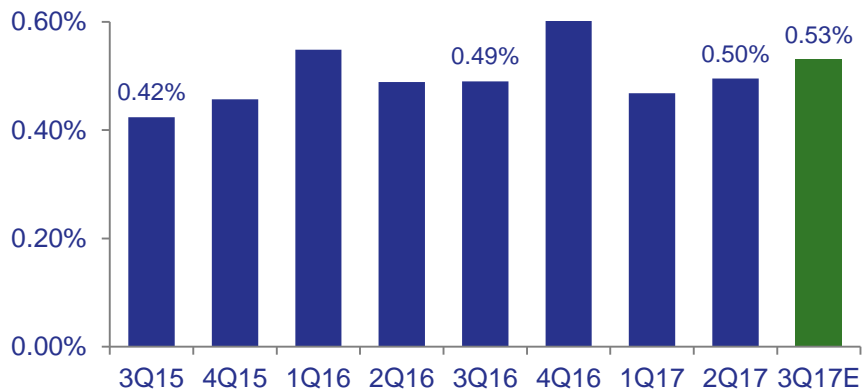
Loan Servicing⁽¹⁾

Market Share



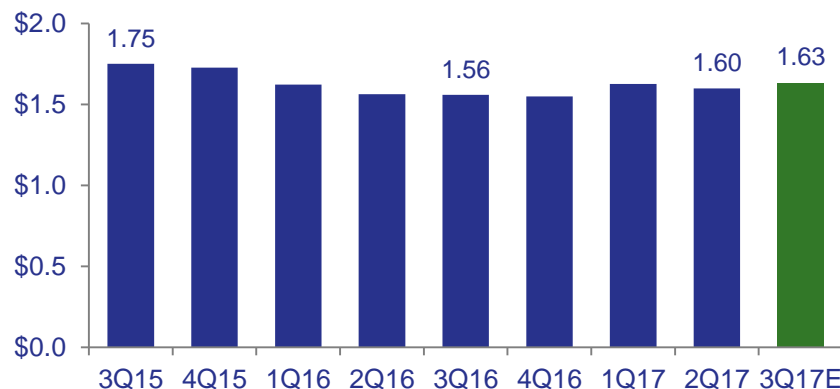
Consumer Direct Production⁽¹⁾

Market Share



Investment Management

AUM (billions)

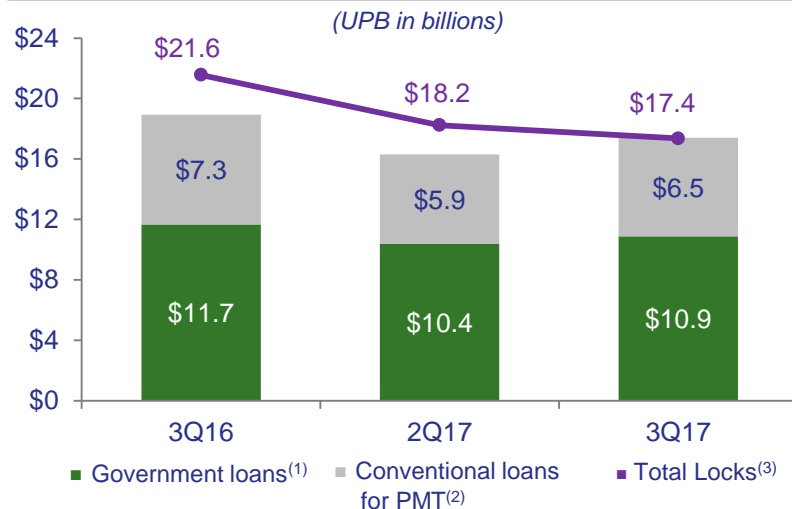


⁽¹⁾ Source: Inside Mortgage Finance and company estimates. Inside Mortgage Finance estimates total 3Q17 origination market of \$495 billion. Correspondent production share estimate is based on PFSI and PMT acquisition volume of \$17.4 billion divided by \$158 billion for the correspondent market (estimated to be 32% of total origination market). Consumer direct production share is based on PFSI originations of \$1.52 billion divided by \$287 billion for the retail market (estimated to be 58% of total origination market). Loan servicing market share is based on PFSI's servicing UPB of \$238.4 billion divided by an estimated \$10.5 trillion in mortgage debt outstanding as of September 30, 2017.

Production Segment Highlights – Correspondent Channel

- Correspondent acquisitions by PMT in 3Q17 totaled \$17.4 billion, up 7% Q/Q and down 8% Y/Y
 - 62% government loans; 38% conventional loans
 - 10% Q/Q growth in conventional conforming acquisitions, and down 10% Y/Y
 - Total lock volume of \$17.4 billion, down 5% Q/Q and 19% Y/Y; government locks totaled \$11.0 billion, down 2% Q/Q and 15% Y/Y
- Continued strong purchase-money orientation of our correspondent production drove 3Q17 production volume growth
- Continued to add seller relationships, which totaled 604 at quarter end
- October correspondent acquisitions totaled \$5.4 billion; locks totaled \$5.2 billion

Correspondent Volume and Mix



Selected Operational Metrics		
	2Q17	3Q17
Correspondent seller relationships	589	604
Purchase money loans, as a % of total acquisitions	82%	83%

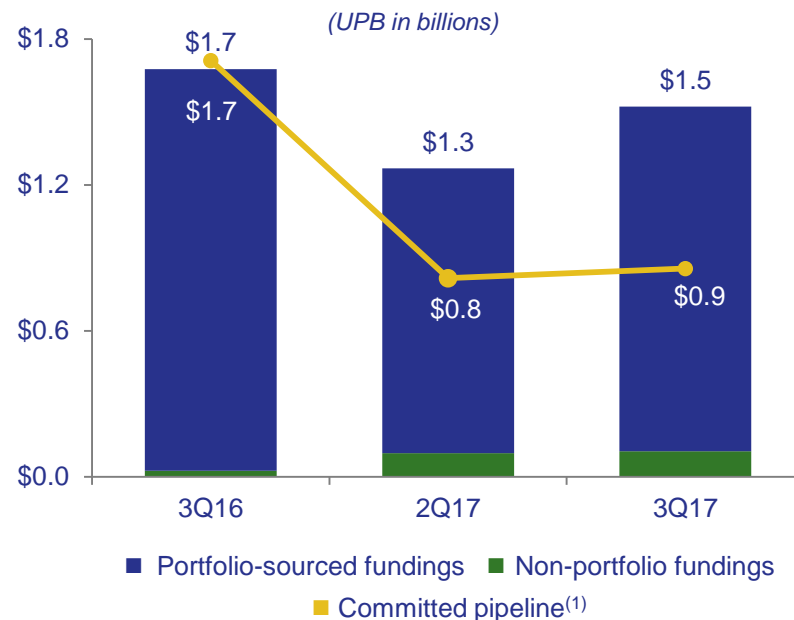
WA FICO		
	2Q17	3Q17
Government-insured	694	693
Conventional	753	749

(1) For government-insured and guaranteed loans, PFSI earns income from holding and selling or securitizing the loans
 (2) For conventional loans, PFSI earns a fulfillment fee from PMT rather than income from holding and selling or securitizing the loans
 (3) Includes locks related to PMT loan acquisitions, including conventional loans for which PFSI earns a fulfillment fee upon loan funding

Production Segment Highlights – Consumer Direct Channel

- Consumer direct production volume of \$1.5 billion in 3Q17, up 20% Q/Q and down 9% Y/Y
 - Lower mortgage rates intra-quarter and successful recapture initiatives drove higher volumes
- Committed pipeline totaled \$856 million at the end of the third quarter
- October consumer direct originations totaled \$607 million; locks totaled \$706 million
 - \$713 million committed pipeline at October 31, 2017⁽¹⁾
- Quality of interest rate locks improved
 - Fallout projections declined to 34% for 3Q17 locks from 45% for locks from the prior quarter
 - Improved pull-through reduces processing costs

Consumer Direct Production Volume



WA FICO		
	2Q17	3Q17
Government-insured	690	692
Conventional	740	741

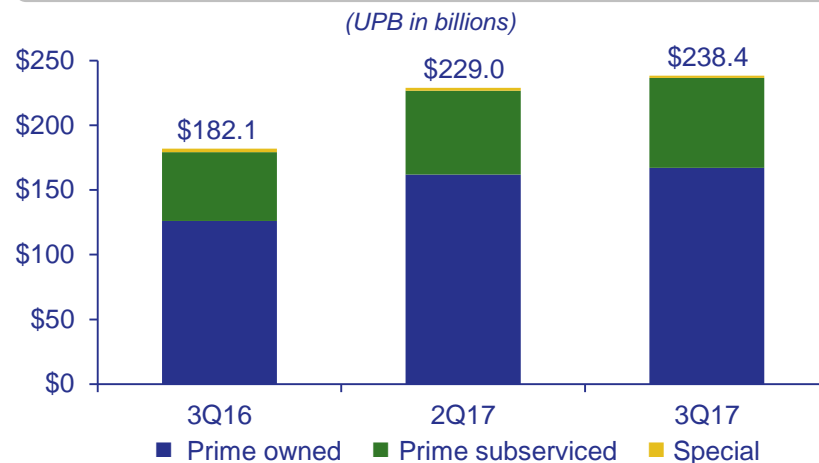
⁽¹⁾ Commitments to originate mortgage loans at specified terms at period end

Servicing Segment Highlights

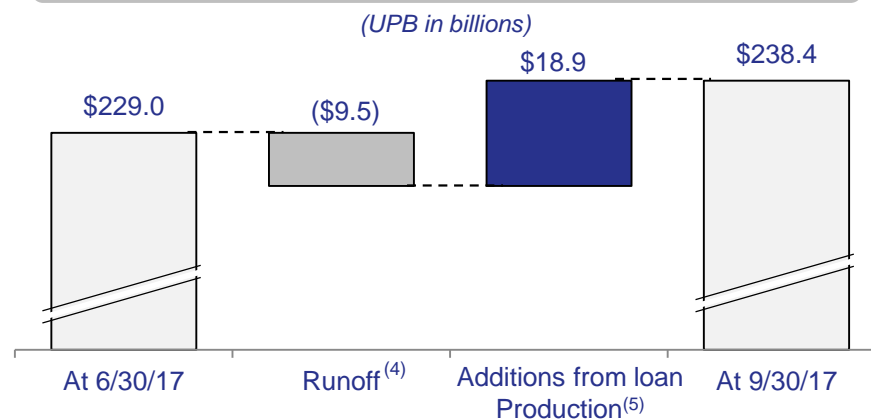
- Servicing portfolio totaled \$238.4 billion in UPB at the end of the third quarter, up 4% from 2Q17 and 31% from 3Q16
- Mortgages 60 days or more past due were 2.5%, unchanged from the prior quarter
 - Expectations are for a modest increase in delinquencies and servicing costs related to the recent natural disasters (see slide 17)
- Successfully transferred \$11.9 billion in UPB of MSR from previously settled acquisitions

Selected Operational Metrics		
	2Q17	3Q17
Loans serviced (in thousands)	1,102	1,210
60+ day delinquency rate	2.5%	2.5%
Actual CPR - owned portfolio	14.4%	15.5%
Actual CPR - sub-serviced ⁽¹⁾	9.6%	10.8%
UPB of completed modifications (\$ in millions)	\$579	\$481
EBO transactions (in millions) ⁽²⁾	\$612	\$487
Electronic payments (% of portfolio)	84%	84%
Customers registered for the website ⁽³⁾	76%	78%

Loan Servicing Portfolio Composition



Net Portfolio Growth



⁽¹⁾ Represents PMT's MSR

⁽²⁾ Early buyouts of delinquent loans from Ginnie Mae pools during the period

⁽³⁾ Percent of serviced and subserviced loans that have registered on PennyMacUSA.com

⁽⁴⁾ Also includes loans servicing released from recent assets sales by PMT and the Investment Funds

⁽⁵⁾ Includes consumer direct production, government correspondent acquisitions, and conventional conforming and jumbo loan acquisitions subserviced for PMT

Impact of Recent Natural Disasters on Servicing Portfolio

Operational Initiatives

- Consistent with our national footprint and the large populations of Texas, Florida and California, approximately 11% of our loan servicing portfolio (owned servicing and sub-servicing performed for PMT) is located in areas impacted by Hurricanes Harvey and Irma and the California wildfires⁽¹⁾

Disaster	Loan Count	% of Servicing Portfolio
Hurricane Harvey	31,204	2.6%
Hurricane Irma	86,702	7.1%
California Wildfires	17,728	1.5%
Total	135,634	11.1%

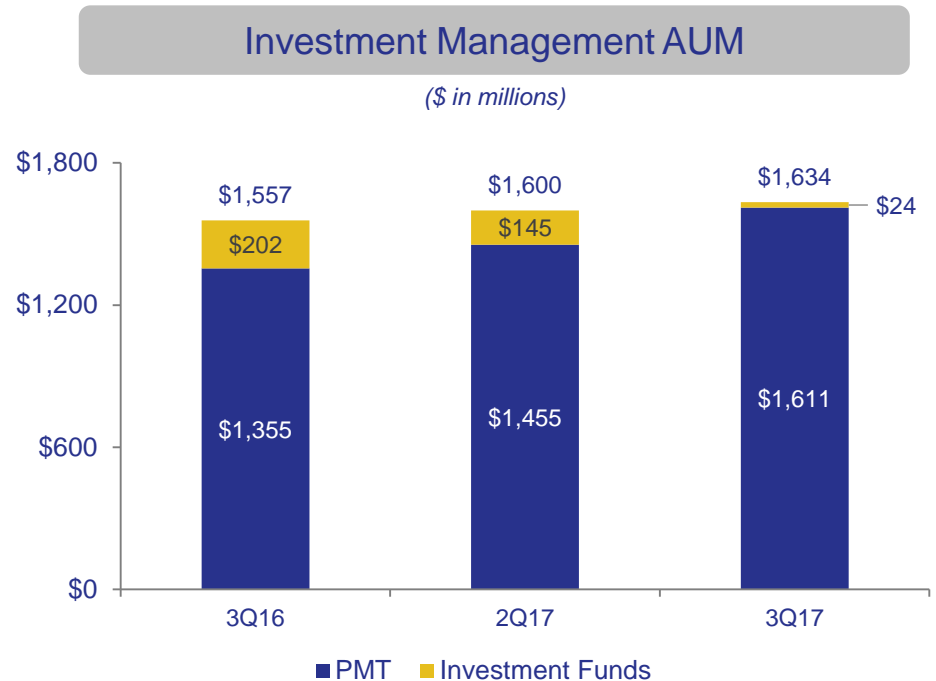
- Proactively engaging customers via multiple channels to gather information and provide assistance
- Assistance being provided to affected customers includes:
 - Waivers of late charge assessments
 - Suppression of negative credit reporting
 - Following applicable investor/insurer guidance related to providing forbearance
- Extended hours in customer service to handle increased volumes
- Working with the Agencies to enhance assistance measures
- Organized charitable donations from PennyMac employees, with a company match, to help those in need

Financial Considerations

- Our assessment of the effects of these events is developing; however, based on information presently available to us, we expect the overall financial impact to PFSI to be modest
- We expect a temporary increase in delinquencies among affected borrowers and are adding staff to handle increased volume of modification and delinquent servicing activities
 - Expect to lead to additional servicing costs over the next few quarters
- Most property damage will be addressed by homeowners' insurance, flood insurance for borrowers with coverage and government assistance
 - We expect to incur incremental losses on defaulted government loans for certain uninsured property damage that is also not covered by FHA insurance or VA guarantees
- Increases in future costs/losses may be offset by other income (e.g., for loss mitigation, increased EBO opportunity)

Investment Management Segment Highlights

- Net assets under management were \$1.6 billion, essentially unchanged from June 30, 2017
- Investment management revenues were \$5.0 million, down 21% from 2Q17 and 11% from 3Q16
- PMT continued to transition capital from distressed whole loans toward MSRs and credit risk transfer on its correspondent production
- In August, the Investment Funds successfully completed the sale of substantially all of their remaining assets to a third-party investor



- Shift in mix of AUM reflects PMT's issuance of preferred equity and liquidation of the Investment Funds' assets

Financial Results by Operating Segment

Unaudited (\$ in millions)

	Production	Servicing	Investment Management	Non-Segment Activities	Total Pretax Income
3Q16	\$ 149.8	\$ (10.7)	\$ 0.2	\$ -	\$ 139.3
4Q16	\$ 93.4	\$ 35.1	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.6 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 129.4
1Q17	\$ 47.5	\$ 13.4	\$ 1.1	\$ -	\$ 62.0
2Q17	\$ 66.7	\$ (11.2)	\$ 2.5	\$ -	\$ 58.0
3Q17	\$ 69.0	\$ 24.5	\$ 0.7	\$ -	\$ 94.1

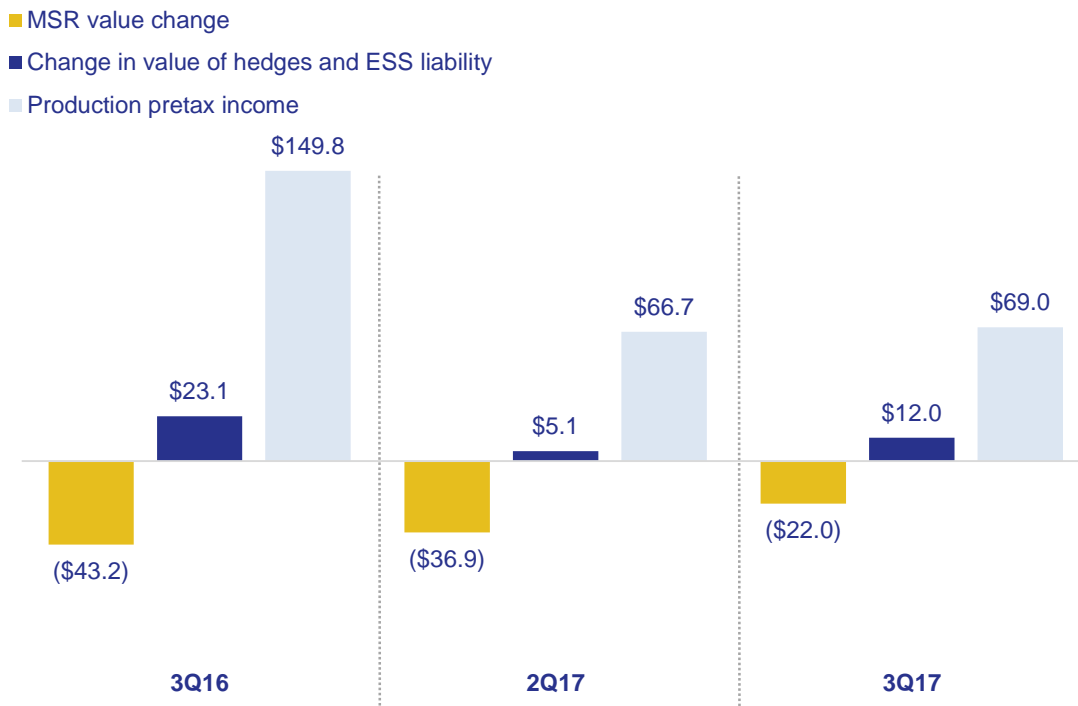
Note: Figures may not sum exactly due to rounding

⁽¹⁾ Represents repricing of payable to exchanged Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC unitholders under tax receivable agreement

Hedging Approach Continues to Moderate the Volatility of PFSI's Results

MSR Valuation Changes and Offsets

(\$ in millions)



- PFSI seeks to moderate the impact of interest rate changes through a comprehensive hedge strategy that also considers production-related income
- MSR fair value declined due to a combination of yield curve flattening, tighter mortgage spreads and higher than expected prepayment activity during the quarter
- Offset by gains on hedges, fair value changes in ESS liability and production income

Mortgage Banking – Production Segment Results

Production Segment	Quarter ended June 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2017
<i>Unaudited (\$ in thousands)</i>		
Revenue		
Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value	\$ 74,706	\$ 79,983
Loan origination fees	30,193	33,168
Fulfillment fees from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	21,107	23,507
Net interest income	3,949	5,296
Other	531	235
	<u>130,486</u>	<u>142,189</u>
Expenses	63,780	73,231
Pretax income	<u>\$ 66,706</u>	<u>\$ 68,958</u>

Production Segment Metrics	Quarter ended June 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2017
<i>Unaudited (\$ in thousands)</i>		
Production revenues excl. fulfillment fees	\$ 109,379	\$ 118,682
As basis points of IRLCs	81 bps	90 bps
Revenue per fallout-adjusted consumer direct lock ⁽¹⁾	359 bps	363 bps
Revenue per fallout-adjusted correspondent lock ⁽²⁾	52 bps	51 bps

- Production revenues for PFSI's own account (net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value, loan origination fees, net interest income and other) increased 9% Q/Q
 - Primarily driven by increased pull-through on interest rate lock commitments in the consumer direct channel
- Margins in 3Q17 remained tight⁽³⁾
 - In recent quarters, consumer direct margins have ranged from 359 bps to 524 bps
 - Correspondent margins have ranged from 50 bps to 68 bps
- Fulfillment fee revenue increased 11% Q/Q due to higher conventional loan acquisitions by PMT
- Segment expenses increased 15% Q/Q, driven by higher incentive-based compensation, technology costs and headcount growth

⁽¹⁾ Includes net gains on mortgage loans held for sale, loan origination fees and net interest income; lock volume adjusted for expected fallout, which was 34% in 3Q17 for consumer direct locks

⁽²⁾ Includes net gains on mortgage loans held for sale, loan origination fees and net interest income for government-insured correspondent loans; lock volume adjusted for expected fallout, which was 3% in 3Q17 for government-insured correspondent locks

⁽³⁾ See slide 32 for historical gross pricing margins

Mortgage Banking – Servicing Segment Results⁽¹⁾

Servicing Segment

Unaudited (\$ in thousands)

Revenue

	Quarter ended June 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2017
Net loan servicing fees	\$ 46,913	\$ 78,081
Interest income	19,694	26,791
Interest expense	(25,534)	(30,124)
Net interest expense	(5,840)	(3,333)
Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value	23,385	28,153
Other	446	525
	64,904	103,426
Expenses	76,117	78,955
Pretax (loss) income	\$ (11,213)	\$ 24,471

Net Loan Servicing Fees

Unaudited (\$ in thousands)

	Quarter ended June 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2017
Net loan servicing fees:		
Loan servicing fees ⁽²⁾	\$ 134,192	\$ 153,782
Effect of MSR's:		
Amortization and realization of cash flows ⁽³⁾	(55,482)	(65,751)
Change in fair value and provision for/recovery of impairment of MSR's carried at lower of amortized cost or fair value	(36,927)	(21,952)
Change in fair value of excess servicing spread financing	7,156	4,828
Hedging (losses)	(2,026)	7,174
Total amortization, impairment and change in fair value of MSR's	(87,279)	(75,701)
Net loan servicing fees	\$ 46,913	\$ 78,081

- Servicing segment revenue increased 59% Q/Q driven by a \$31.2 million increase in net loan servicing fees
 - MSR valuation changes net of hedge and ESS liability fair value changes were a \$10.0 million loss versus a \$31.8 million loss in 2Q17
 - Net gains on EBO mortgage loans of \$28.2 million, compared to \$23.4 million in 2Q17
 - Interest income increased \$7.1 million Q/Q from higher interest income on EBO loans and higher placement fees on MSR-related escrow deposits; partially offset by a \$4.6 million Q/Q increase in interest expense, due to the term notes issued in 3Q17 and an increase in interest shortfall on loan payoffs

⁽¹⁾ See servicing segment profitability analysis on page 12

⁽²⁾ Includes contractually-specified servicing fees

⁽³⁾ Includes realization of cash flows from mortgage servicing liabilities

MSR Asset Valuation

September 30, 2017 <i>Unaudited (\$ in millions)</i>	Lower of amortized cost or fair value	Fair value not subject to excess servicing spread	Fair value subject to excess servicing spread liability	Total
UPB	\$108,418	\$26,632	\$27,750	\$162,800
Weighted average coupon	3.75%	3.83%	4.17%	3.84%
Prepayment speed assumption (CPR)	9.5%	9.9%	10.7%	9.8%
Weighted average servicing fee rate	0.31%	0.30%	0.34%	0.31%
Fair value of MSR	\$1,360.6	\$313.7	\$342.3	\$2,016.6
As a multiple of servicing fee	4.10	3.91	3.61	3.98
Carrying value of MSR	\$1,360.5	\$313.7	\$342.3	\$2,016.5
Related excess servicing spread liability	-	-	\$246.9	-

Fair value in excess of carrying value **\$0.1**

- PFSI carries most of its originated MSRs at the lower of amortized cost or fair value (LOCOM)
 - Originated MSRs where the note rate on the underlying loan is less than or equal to 4.5%
- Purchased MSRs are carried at fair value; a portion is subject to ESS liability
- The fair value of MSRs carried at LOCOM approximated the carrying value at September 30, 2017

Investment Management Segment Results

Unaudited – (in thousands)	Quarter ended September 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2017
Revenue		
Management fees:		
From PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ 5,638	\$ 6,038
From Investment Funds	369	178
	<u>6,007</u>	<u>6,216</u>
Carried Interest from Investment Funds	241	(1,158)
Other	83	(38)
	<u>6,331</u>	<u>5,020</u>
Expenses	<u>3,864</u>	<u>4,305</u>
Pretax income	<u>\$ 2,467</u>	<u>\$ 715</u>

- Segment revenue decreased 21% Q/Q to \$5.0 million
 - Carried interest loss of \$1.2 million due to performance of the Investment Funds
 - Segment expenses increased 11% Q/Q due to lower expense allocations to PMT

Appendix

Overview of PennyMac Financial's Businesses

Loan Production

- Correspondent aggregation of newly originated loans from third-party sellers
 - PFSI earns gains on government-insured loans
 - Fulfillment fees for PMT's conventional loans
- Consumer direct origination of conventional and government-insured loans
- Small balance multifamily origination business

Loan Servicing

- Servicing for owned MSR and subservicing for Advised Entities
- Major loan servicer for Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Ginnie Mae
- Industry-leading capabilities in special servicing
- Organic growth results from loan production, supplemented by MSR acquisitions and PMT investment activity

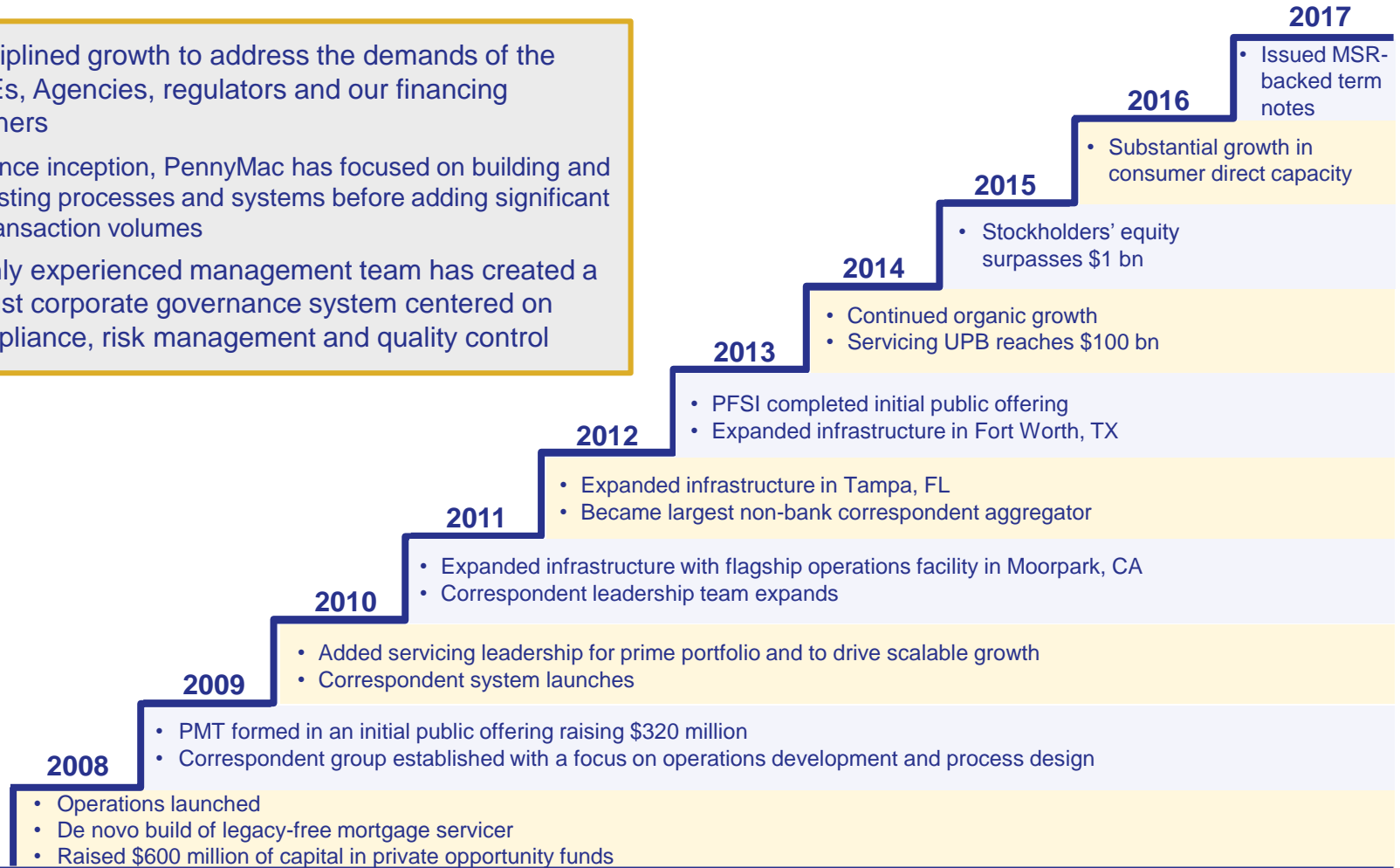
Investment Management

- Serve as external manager for investment vehicles focused on investing in mortgage-related assets:
 - Distressed whole loans
 - MSR and ESS
 - GSE credit risk transfers
 - Investments in prime non-Agency
 - MBS and ABS
 - Multifamily loans and securitization interests
- Synergistic partnership with PMT

- Complex and highly regulated mortgage industry requires effective governance, compliance and operating systems
- PFSI's platform has been developed organically and is highly scalable
- Commitment to strong corporate governance, compliance and risk management since inception
- PFSI is well positioned for continued growth in this market and regulatory environment

PFSI Has Developed in a Sustainable Manner for Long-Term Growth

- Disciplined growth to address the demands of the GSEs, Agencies, regulators and our financing partners
 - Since inception, PennyMac has focused on building and testing processes and systems before adding significant transaction volumes
- Highly experienced management team has created a robust corporate governance system centered on compliance, risk management and quality control



Employees at year end	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	72	128	230	435	1,008	1,373	1,816	2,523	3,099	3,142 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2017

PennyMac Financial Is in a Unique Position Among Mortgage Specialists

Industry-leading platform built organically – not through acquisitions

- Not distracted by legacy/regulatory issues
- Disciplined, sustainable growth for more than 9 years
- Focused on building and testing processes and systems before large transaction volumes

Strong governance and compliance culture

- Led by distinguished board which includes seven independent Directors
- Robust management governance structure with 10 committees that oversee key risks and controls
- External oversight by regulators, business partners and other third parties

Desired structure in place to compete effectively as a non-bank

- Synergistic partnership with PMT, a leading residential mortgage REIT and long-term investment vehicle
- Provides access to efficient capital and reduces balance sheet constraints on growth

Distinctive expertise and full range of capabilities across mortgage banking and investment management

- ✓ **Loan production**, e.g., loan fulfillment systems and operations, correspondent counterparty review and management
 - ✓ **Credit**, e.g., loan program development, underwriting and quality control
 - ✓ **Capital markets**, e.g., pooling and securitization, hedging/interest rate risk management
 - ✓ **Servicing**, e.g., customer service, default management, investor accounting
 - ✓ **Corporate functions**, e.g., enterprise risk management, internal audit, treasury, finance and accounting, legal, IT infrastructure and development
-
- Over 3,000 employees
 - Highly experienced management team – 50 senior-most executives have, on average, 26 years of relevant industry experience

Opportunity in MSR Acquisitions

Why Are MSR Sales Occurring?

- Large servicers may sell MSRs due to continuing operational pressures, higher regulatory capital requirements for banks (treatment under Basel III) and a re-focus on core customers/businesses
- Independent mortgage banks sell MSRs from time to time due to a need for capital

How Do MSRs Come to Market?

- Intermittent large bulk portfolio sales (\$10+ billion in UPB)
 - Require considerable coordination with selling institutions and Agencies
- Mini-bulk sales (typically \$500 million to \$5 billion in UPB)
- Flow/co-issue MSR transactions (monthly commitments, typically \$20-\$100 million in UPB)
 - Alternative delivery method typically from larger independent originators

Which MSR Transactions Are Attractive?

- GSE and Ginnie Mae servicing in which PFSI has distinctive expertise
- MSRs sold and operational servicing transferred to PFSI (not subserviced by a third party)
- Measurable rep and warranty liability for PFSI

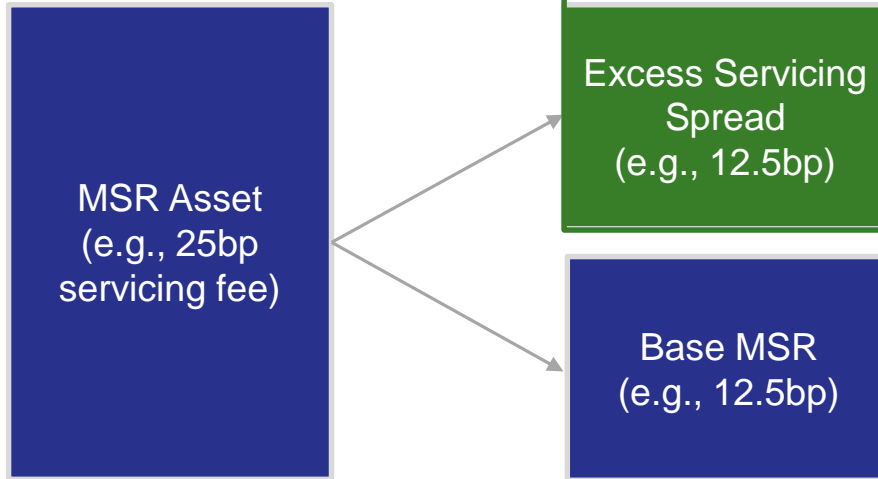
PFSI is uniquely positioned to be a successful acquirer of MSRs

- Proven track record of complex MSR and distressed loan transfers
- Operational platform that addresses the demands of the Agencies, regulators and financing partners
- Physical capacity in place to sustain servicing portfolio growth plans
- Potential co-investment opportunity for PMT in the ESS

PFSI's Mortgage Servicing Rights Investments in Partnership with PMT

- PMT has co-invested in Agency MSR assets acquired from third-party sellers by PFSI; presently only related to certain Ginnie Mae MSR assets
- PMT acquires the right to receive the ESS cash flows over the life of the underlying loans
- PFSI owns the MSR assets and services the loans

Acquired by PFSI from Third-Party Seller⁽¹⁾



Example transaction: actual transaction details may vary materially

Excess Servicing Spread⁽²⁾

- Interest income from a portion of the contractual servicing fee
 - Realized yield dependent on prepayment speeds and recapture

Base MSR

- Income from a portion of the contractual servicing fee
- Also entitled to ancillary income
- Bears expenses of performing loan servicing activities
- Required to advance certain payments largely for delinquent loans

⁽¹⁾ The contractual servicer and MSR owner is PennyMac Loan Services, LLC, an indirect controlled subsidiary of PennyMac Financial Services, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Subject and subordinate to Agency rights (under the related servicer or issuer guide) and, as applicable, to PFSI's pledge of MSR assets under a note payable; does not change the contractual servicing fee paid by the Agency to the servicer.

Acquisitions, Originations, and Locks by Product

Unaudited (\$ in millions)	3Q16	4Q16	1Q17	2Q17	3Q17
Correspondent Acquisitions					
Conventional	\$ 7,263	\$ 7,492	\$ 4,632	\$ 5,918	\$ 6,530
Government	11,657	12,544	9,280	10,392	10,873
Jumbo	1	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 18,921	\$ 20,037	\$ 13,912	\$ 16,310	\$ 17,403
Correspondent Locks					
Conventional	\$ 8,687	\$ 6,925	\$ 5,184	\$ 7,022	\$ 6,356
Government	12,868	12,289	9,292	11,209	10,999
Jumbo	2	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 21,558	\$ 19,215	\$ 14,476	\$ 18,231	\$ 17,356
Consumer Direct Originations					
Conventional	\$ 380	\$ 492	\$ 305	\$ 414	\$ 513
Government	1,297	1,548	730	855	1,008
Jumbo	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 1,677	\$ 2,040	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,268	\$ 1,522
Consumer Direct Locks					
Conventional	\$ 1,048	\$ 698	\$ 669	\$ 805	\$ 845
Government	2,410	1,662	1,145	1,476	1,387
Jumbo	5	1	-	-	-
Total	\$ 3,463	\$ 2,362	\$ 1,814	\$ 2,280	\$ 2,232
Total acquisitions/originations	\$ 20,598	\$ 22,077	\$ 14,947	\$ 17,579	\$ 18,925
Total locks	\$ 25,021	\$ 21,576	\$ 16,290	\$ 20,511	\$ 19,588
UPB of loans fulfilled for PMT	\$ 7,263	\$ 7,492	\$ 4,632	\$ 5,918	\$ 6,530

Note: Figures may not sum exactly due to rounding

Historical Production Margins

	3Q16	4Q16	1Q17	2Q17	3Q17
<u>Government Correspondent</u>					
Pricing Margin (bps) ⁽¹⁾	72	63	58	52	51
Expected fallout for locks	6%	2%	3%	3%	3%
<u>Consumer Direct</u>					
Pricing Margin (bps) ⁽¹⁾	524	466	398	359	363
Expected fallout for locks	37%	38%	45%	45%	34%

⁽¹⁾ Revenue per fallout-adjusted lock