

Fourth Quarter 2013 Earnings Report

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, regarding management's beliefs, estimates, projections and assumptions with respect to, among other things, the Company's financial results, future operations, business plans and investment strategies, as well as industry and market conditions, all of which are subject to change. Words like "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "promise," "plan," and other expressions or words of similar meanings, as well as future or conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Actual results and operations for any future period may vary materially from those projected herein, from past results discussed herein, or from illustrative examples provided herein.

Factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated include, but are not limited to: changes in federal, state and local laws and regulations applicable to the highly regulated industry in which we operate; lawsuits or governmental actions if we do not comply with the laws and regulations applicable to our businesses; the creation of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, or CFPB, and enforcement of its rules; changes in existing U.S. government-sponsored entities, their current roles or their guarantees or guidelines; changes to government mortgage modification programs; the licensing and operational requirements of states and other jurisdictions applicable to our businesses, to which our bank competitors are not subject; foreclosure delays and changes in foreclosure practices; certain banking regulations that may limit our business activities; changes in macroeconomic and U.S. residential real estate market conditions; difficulties in growing loan production volume; changes in prevailing interest rates; increases in loan delinquencies and defaults; our reliance on PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust as a significant source of financing for, and revenue related to, our correspondent lending business; availability of required additional capital and liquidity to support business growth; our obligation to indemnify third-party purchasers or repurchase loans that we originate, acquire or assist in with fulfillment; our obligation to indemnify advised entities or investment funds to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances; decreases in the historical returns on the assets that we select and manage for our clients, and our resulting management and incentive fees; regulation applicable to our investment management segment; conflicts of interest in allocating our services and investment opportunities among ourselves and our advised entities; the potential damage to our reputation and adverse impact to our business resulting from ong

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider all of the uncertainties and risks described above, as well as those more fully discussed in reports and other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, and the statements made in this presentation are current as of the date of this presentation only.



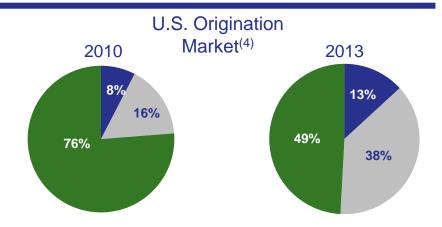
Fourth Quarter Highlights

- Pretax income of \$41.7 million; diluted earnings per common share of \$0.32
 - Total net revenue of \$90.4 million, up 4% from 3Q13
 - Expenses totaled \$48.7 million, down 7% from 3Q13
- Loan production totaled \$6.0 billion in unpaid principal balance (UPB), down 25% from 3Q13⁽¹⁾
 - Correspondent loan acquisitions were \$5.8 billion, down 25% from 3Q13
 - Retail originations were \$211 million, down 26% from 3Q13
 - Both correspondent and retail continue to gain share; higher mortgage rates continued to cause a
 decline in U.S. mortgage originations for the quarter, with the top lenders reporting volume declines in
 excess of 35 percent
- Servicing portfolio reached \$78.2 billion in UPB, up 48% from September 30, 2013
 - Successfully closed and transferred previously announced bulk mortgage servicing rights (MSR) portfolio acquisitions totaling \$20.1 billion in UPB
 - Now one of the 20 largest servicers in the U.S.⁽²⁾
- Net assets under management totaled \$2.0 billion, down 1% from September 30, 2013⁽³⁾



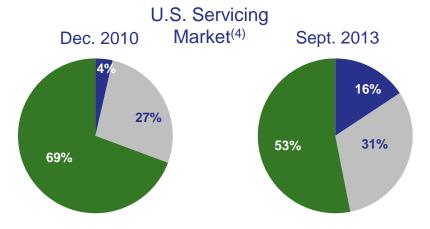
Substantial Opportunity in the U.S. Mortgage Markets for Non-Banks

- Mortgage markets remain large components of U.S. financial services
 - \$10 trillion in mortgage debt outstanding (servicing) at year-end
 - \$1.2 trillion in originations forecast for 2014⁽¹⁾ opportunities in the retail, correspondent, and
 wholesale channels
- In the post-crisis era, large banks have been retreating, creating opportunities for nonbanks with the capital, expertise, and requisite operational capabilities
- Substantial transfers of mortgage assets to new firms in the last 3 years alone
 - Over \$1 trillion in UPB of loan servicing(2)
 - Over \$50 billion in UPB of distressed whole loans⁽³⁾
- We expect these shifts to continue, providing significant growth opportunities for PennyMac



PennyMac was the 10th largest originator by volume in 2013⁽⁵⁾

■ Banks in top $20^{(6)}$ ■ Non-banks in top $20^{(7)}$ ■ Firms outside top 20



PFSI was the 20th largest servicer by UPB in 3Q13



⁽¹⁾ Source: Average of Mortgage Bankers Association, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage market forecasts as of January 2014

⁽²⁾ Source: Goldman Sachs

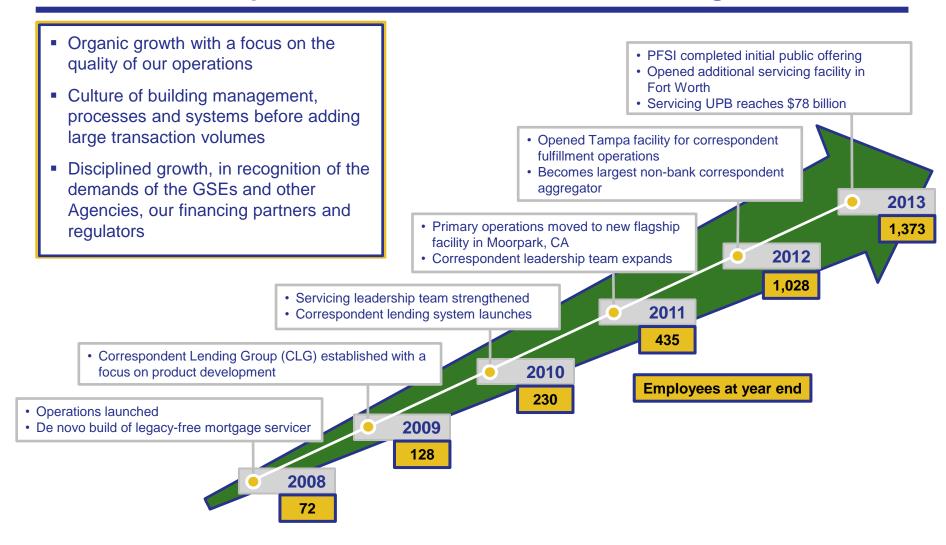
⁽³⁾ Source: PNMAC Capital Management estimate

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Inside Mortgage Finance

⁽⁵⁾ Includes loan acquisitions by PMT in correspondent lending and originations by PFSI's retail lending business

⁽⁶⁾ Market share held by banks that are among the 20 largest originators in the U.S. by volume or servicers by unpaid principal balance (7) Market share held by nonbank firms that are among the 20 largest originators in the U.S. by volume or servicers by unpaid principal balance

PFSI Has Developed in a Sustainable Manner for Long-Term Growth





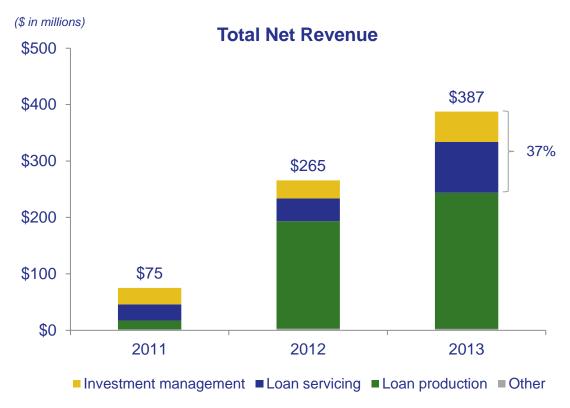
PFSI's Full Range of Capabilities for Mortgage Banking and Investment Management

Loan Production	Correspondent acquisitionsCounterparty review and managementConsumer direct lending	Consumer marketingLoan fulfillment systems and operations	√
Credit	UnderwritingLoan program / product developmentGSE/Agency relationship management	Appraisal reviewQuality control	✓
Capital Markets	Secondary marketingMortgage structuring and tradingPooling and securitization	Hedging / interest rate risk managementTransaction management	√
Servicing	Customer service and collectionsDefault management (special servicing)Systems/workflow development	Loan administrationInvestor accountingPortfolio strategy	✓
Governance	Compliance (mortgage lending, securities-related, corporate)Internal audit	Enterprise risk managementStrategic planning	✓
Corporate	FinanceAccountingIT infrastructure and development	TreasuryLegal	✓
Public Company Management	Capabilities in place to manage multiple comp	lex, regulated entities	\checkmark

Over 1,300 employees led by a highly experienced management team (60 senior-most executives have on average 23 years of relevant industry experience)



PFSI's Revenues Continue to Grow Steadily and Diversify



- Total net revenue grew 46% in 2013, in spite of volatile markets
- Loan Servicing and Investment
 Management revenues, which are
 mostly recurring fees, grew to more
 than one third of total net revenue
 - Relatively more stable businesses that are increasingly important components of PFSI's business model
 - Loan production businesses generate fee income and MSR assets and drive organic growth of the servicing portfolio



Market Environment and Outlook

Mortgage Originations and Housing

- Increased interest rates result in a smaller mortgage origination market; \$1.2 trillion in originations forecast for 2014, >60% expected to be purchase money⁽¹⁾
- Home purchase demand aided by improving U.S. employment and economic outlook

Distressed Whole Loans

- Pipeline of distressed whole loan opportunities remains strong; increased competition from new entrants
- Home price appreciation expected to moderate from 2013 growth rates
- Alternatives to property resolution (e.g., modification, refinance) are increasingly important strategies to maximize returns

Correspondent Lending Competition

- Reduced origination market has led to tight margins
- Opportunities for improved economics from smaller originators and best efforts deliveries

Jumbo Private-Label Securitization

- Limited market for private-label securities significant near-term challenge
- Banks' originations and acquisitions for balance sheet comprise most of current jumbo activity; potential for nonbanks such as PMT to aggregate and sell
- Policy actions on conforming loan limits and GSE reform will affect potential for jumbo market

Mortgage Servicing Rights

Bulk portfolio opportunities, including legacy MSRs from money-center banks, expected to continue

(1) Source: Average of Mortgage Bankers Association, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage market forecasts as of January 2014.



Growth Trends Across PennyMac Financial's Businesses



Investment opportunities in mortgage-related assets remain significant

(1) Includes loans purchased by PMT for which PFSI earns a fulfillment fee

1Q13

2Q13

3Q13

4Q13

\$1.8

\$1.4

\$1.0

4Q12

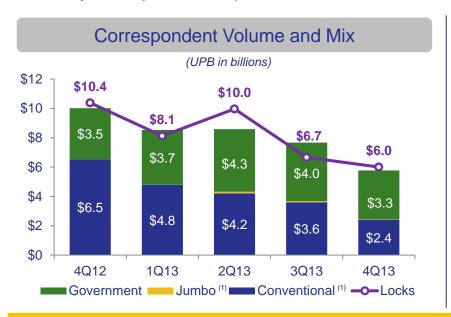


Management

PennyMac Financial's Businesses – Correspondent Lending

Operational Highlights

- Correspondent acquisitions by PMT in 4Q13 totaled \$5.8 billion
 - 58% government-insured loans (gain on mortgage loans to PFSI); 42% fulfillment activity for PMT (fee revenue to PFSI)
- Smaller declines in government-insured volumes (16% Q/Q from 3Q13), reflecting specialized nature and PennyMac's strong competitive position
 - Purchase-money originations comprised 89% of government-insured acquisitions
- January correspondent acquisitions totaled \$1.7 billion; locks totaled \$1.5 billion



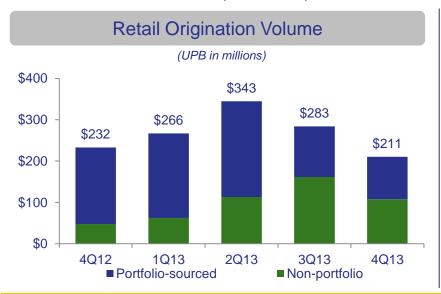
- Strategic focus on initiatives to grow volume and optimize profitability
 - Greater emphasis on smaller mortgage originators and community banks, which benefit most from PennyMac's broad capabilities
 - Gaining relevance in the Northeast
 - Opportunities to increase business from clients delivering low volumes to PMT



PennyMac Financial's Businesses – Retail Lending

Operational Highlights

- Retail originations totaled \$211 million in 4Q13, down 26% from 3Q13
 - Non-portfolio originations comprised 51% of total retail originations
 - Smaller decline in portfolio-sourced originations (15% Q/Q), due to a growing servicing portfolio and targeted initiatives to enhance lead generation success from customer service activities
- Launched Business Development Officer (BDO) initiative to drive local/regional Realtor and builder leads to PennyMac's national call center platform
- National marketing campaigns (TV, radio, direct mail) are helping build PennyMac brand recognition
- Continued investment in operational platform and technology, e.g., mobile phone app



- MSR acquisitions expected to add meaningful portfolio-sourced volume
 - Recently acquired legacy MSRs have significant recapture potential – initial results promising
- Continued development of the consumer direct platform for the purchase-money market
 - Marketing efforts supported by BDOs, national campaigns, and continuous improvements to process and customer service



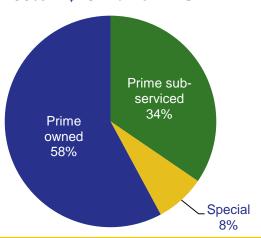
PennyMac Financial's Businesses – Loan Servicing

Operational Highlights

- Servicing portfolio totaled \$78.2 billion in UPB at quarter-end, up 48% from 3Q13
 - Prime servicing and subservicing net growth of \$25.5 billion in UPB from September 30, 2013
 - Bulk MSR acquisitions completed during 4Q13, adding \$20.1 billion in UPB to the portfolio
- Successful close and transfers of the bulk MSR acquisitions as scheduled, in close cooperation with the selling institutions and Agencies
- Strategic relationship with PMT which co-invests in the MSR acquisitions through the purchase of excess servicing spread, reducing PFSI's capital requirements

Loan Servicing Portfolio as of 12/31/13

100% = \$78.2 billion in UPB



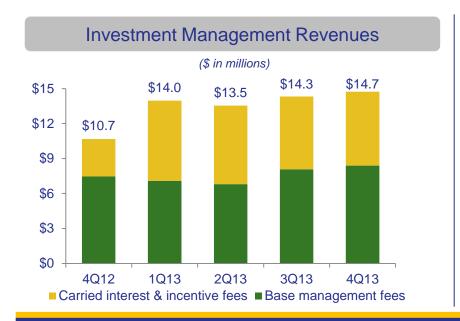
- Continue to seek additional bulk MSR acquisitions
- Continued flow of opportunities expected in 2014
- Co-investment opportunities with PMT
- Ongoing growth in prime portfolio from loan production
- Special servicing opportunities from PMT's distressed whole loan acquisitions



PennyMac Financial's Businesses – Investment Management

Operational Highlights

- Net assets under management totaled \$2.0 billion, down 1% from September 30, 2013, largely due to a shift in dividend declarations by PMT in 4Q13
- Investment management revenues were \$14.7 million, an increase of 3% from 3Q13
 - Management fees increased 4% quarter-over-quarter largely due to a full quarter's impact from PMT's 3Q13 capital raise
 - Carried interest and incentive fees increased 7% quarter-over-quarter



- Investment opportunities for PMT in mortgagerelated assets remain significant, including:
 - Acquisitions of distressed whole loan investments
 - MSR investments through correspondent lending
 - Excess servicing spread on bulk MSR portfolios



Fourth Quarter Financial Review

- Diluted earnings per common share of \$0.32
- Net income of \$37.3 million, up 19% from 3Q13
 - Net income attributable to PFSI shareholders of \$6.4 million
- Total net revenue of \$90.4 million, up 4% from 3Q13

Business Segment Results

- Mortgage Banking segment pretax income of \$28.9 million, up 28% from 3Q13
 - Net gain on mortgage loans held for sale totaled \$29.5 million, up 14% from 3Q13
 - Smaller declines in government-insured correspondent locks (7% Q/Q) reflects PennyMac's strong competitive position
 - Net loan servicing fees totaled \$30.5 million; \$1.1 million in excess servicing spread paid to PMT which is included in interest expense
 - Higher servicing fees resulted from MSR portfolio acquisitions and an increase in special servicing fees from a growing portfolio of distressed loans at PMT
- Investment Management segment pretax income of \$12.8 million, up 4% from 3Q13



Mortgage Banking Segment Results

Unaudited – (\$ in thousands)	Quarter ended December 31, 2013	Quarter ended September 30, 2013		
Revenues				
Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value	\$ 29,453	\$ 25,949		
Loan origination fees	5,315	6,280		
Fulfillment fees from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	11,087	18,327		
Net servicing fees	30,500	21,399		
Net interest (expense) income	(673)	933		
Other	-	(22)		
	75,682	72,866		
Expenses				
Compensation	33,136	33,969		
Loan origination	2,118	2,802		
Other	11,508	13,438		
	46,762	50,209		
Pretax income	\$ 28,920	\$ 22,657		
Segment assets at period end	\$ 1,481,790	\$ 1,208,156		



Mortgage Banking Segment – Trends in Production-Related Revenue

(\$ in thousands)	Quarter ended December 31, 2013	Quarter ended September 30, 2013
Net gains on mortgage loans	\$29,453	\$25,949
As % of IRLCs ⁽¹⁾	0.76%	0.63%
Loan origination fees As % of PFSI fundings	\$5,315 0.15%	\$6,280 0.15%
Fulfillment fees from PMT	\$11,087	\$18,327
Average fulfillment fee	46 bps	50 bps

⁽¹⁾ Includes IRLCs for government-insured correspondent acquisitions and retail originations



Mortgage Banking Segment – Trends in Servicing-Related Revenue

Net Loan Servicing Fees

(\$ in thousands)		Quarter ended December 31, 2013		
Servicing fees ⁽¹⁾	\$	43,588		
Effect of MSRs:				
Amortization		(6,538)		
Provision for impairment of MSRs carried at lower of amortized cost or fair value		(1,094)		
Change in fair value of MSRs carried at fair value:				
Due to changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in valuation model		(574)		
Due to realization of cash flows		(2,488)		
		(3,062)		
Change in fair value of excess servicing spread financing liability		(2,394)		
Net loan servicing fees	\$	30,500		

Servicing Fee Roll	Servicing Fee Roll-forward					
(\$ in thousands)						
Servicing fees for 3Q13	\$	29,562				
Increase due to:						
Volume		9,305				
Rate ⁽²⁾		4,721				
Total change		14,026				
Servicing fees for 4Q13	\$	43,588				

⁽²⁾ Represents an increase in the weighted average servicing fee resulting from the addition of government MSRs and distressed loans serviced for PMT.



⁽¹⁾ Includes contractually-specified servicing fees.

Investment Management Segment Results

Unaudited – (\$ in thousands)	Quarter ended December 31, 2013					
Revenues						
Management fees:						
From PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ 8,924	\$ 8,539				
From Investment Funds	2,031	2,001				
	10,955	10,540				
Carried Interest from Investment Funds	3,008	2,812				
Net interest income	8	4				
Other	767	972				
	14,738	14,328				
Expenses						
Compensation	1,575	1,861				
Other	396	207				
	1,971	2,068				
Pretax income	\$ 12,767	\$ 12,260				
Segment assets at period end	\$ 56,022	\$ 46,228				



Mortgage Servicing Rights (MSR) Asset Valuation

December 31, 2013 (\$ in millions)	Lower of amortized cost or fair value	Fair value not subject to excess servicing spread	Fair value subject to excess servicing spread
UPB	\$22,500	\$2,926	\$20,513
Weighted average coupon	3.65%	5.19%	4.44%
Prepayment speed assumption (CPR)	8.0%	10.0%	9.7%
Weighted average servicing fee rate	0.29%	0.36%	0.32%
Fair value of MSR	\$269.4	\$31.6	\$193.3
As a multiple of servicing fee	4.01	2.97	2.90
Carrying value of MSR	\$258.8	\$31.6	\$193.3
Related excess servicing spread liability	-	-	(\$138.7)

- PFSI carries most of its originated MSRs at the lower of amortized cost or fair value
 - MSRs where the note rate on the underlying loan is equal to or less than 4.5%
 - Fair value of the MSRs increased in excess of their cost basis, due to higher interest rates and declining expectations for prepayments

Fair value in excess of carrying value

\$10.7



Appendix



Fundings and Locks by Product

(\$ in millions)	4	4Q12	IQ13	2	2Q13	3	Q13	4Q13
Correspondent Acquisitions								
Conventional	\$	6,526	\$ 4,779	\$	4,216	\$	3,608	\$ 2,419
Government		3,485	3,739		4,262		3,992	3,340
Jumbo		2	8		107		74	 14
Total	\$	10,013	\$ 8,526	\$	8,586	\$	7,674	\$ 5,773
Correspondent Locks								
Conventional	\$	7,003	\$ 4,251	\$	5,069	\$	2,923	\$ 2,532
Government		3,367	3,778		4,739		3,718	3,455
Jumbo		7	 101		158		22	 20
Total	\$	10,377	\$ 8,129	\$	9,966	\$	6,662	\$ 6,008
Retail Originations								
Conventional	\$	115	\$ 159	\$	255	\$	235	\$ 169
Government		117	106		85		44	41
Jumbo		2	 2		5		4	_
Total	\$	233	\$ 267	\$	345	\$	283	\$ 211
Retail Locks								
Conventional	\$	253	\$ 353	\$	457	\$	354	\$ 273
Government		176	161		117		59	130
Jumbo		3	11		23		4	2
Total	\$	432	\$ 525	\$	597	\$	417	\$ 405
Total acquisitions/originations	\$	10,246	\$ 8,793	\$	8,930	\$	7,957	\$ 5,984
Total locks		10,809	\$ 8,654		10,563	\$	7,079	\$ 6,413

