



Fourth Quarter 2017 Earnings Report

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, regarding management's beliefs, estimates, projections and assumptions with respect to, among other things, the Company's financial results, future operations, business plans and investment strategies, as well as industry and market conditions, all of which are subject to change. Words like "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "promise," "plan," and other expressions or words of similar meanings, as well as future or conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Actual results and operations for any future period may vary materially from those projected herein and from past results discussed herein.

Factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated include, but are not limited to: the continually changing federal, state and local laws and regulations applicable to the highly regulated industry in which we operate; lawsuits or governmental actions that may result from any noncompliance with the laws and regulations applicable to our businesses; the mortgage lending and servicing-related regulations promulgated by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau and its enforcement of these regulations; our dependence on U.S. government-sponsored entities and changes in their current roles or their guarantees or guidelines; changes to government mortgage modification programs; the licensing and operational requirements of states and other jurisdictions applicable to the Company's businesses, to which our bank competitors are not subject; foreclosure delays and changes in foreclosure practices; certain banking regulations that may limit our business activities; our dependence on the multifamily and commercial real estate sectors for future originations of commercial mortgage loans and other commercial real estate related loans; changes in macroeconomic and U.S. real estate market conditions; difficulties inherent in growing loan production volume; difficulties inherent in adjusting the size of our operations to reflect changes in business levels; purchase opportunities for mortgage servicing rights and our success in winning bids; changes in prevailing interest rates; increases in loan delinquencies and defaults; our reliance on PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust (NYSE: PMT) as a significant source of financing for, and revenue related to, our mortgage banking business; any required additional capital and liquidity to support business growth that may not be available on acceptable terms, if at all; our obligation to indemnify third-party purchasers or repurchase loans if loans that we originate, acquire, service or assist in the fulfillment of, fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances; our obligation to indemnify PMT and the Investment Funds if its services fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances; decreases in the returns on the assets that we select and manage for our clients, and our resulting management and incentive fees; the extensive amount of regulation applicable to our investment management segment; conflicts of interest in allocating our services and investment opportunities among us and our advised entities; the effect of public opinion on our reputation; our recent growth; our ability to effectively identify, manage, monitor and mitigate financial risks; our initiation of new business activities or expansion of existing business activities; our ability to detect misconduct and fraud; and our ability to mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider all of the uncertainties and risks described above, as well as those more fully discussed in reports and other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, and the statements made in this presentation are current as of the date of this presentation only.

Fourth Quarter Highlights

- Pretax income was \$121.8 million; includes a \$32.0 million benefit for remeasurement of tax-related items as a result of the newly enacted tax law
 - Diluted earnings per share were \$2.44; remeasurement of deferred tax items contributed \$1.79⁽¹⁾
 - PFSI's tax provision rate in 2018 decreases to 27.4% from 40.5%
 - Fourth quarter results reflect strong earnings contributions from both the production and servicing segments
 - Book value per share increased to \$19.95 from \$17.20 at September 30, 2017 and from \$15.49 at December 31, 2016
- Production segment pretax income was \$55.3 million, down 20% from 3Q17 and down 41% from 4Q16
 - Total production volume was \$17.0 billion in unpaid principal balance (UPB), down 10% from 3Q17 and down 23% from 4Q16
 - Total correspondent government and consumer direct locks were \$11.8 billion in UPB, down 11% from 3Q17 and 20% from 4Q16
- Servicing segment pretax income was \$32.0 million, up 31% from 3Q17 and down 9% from 4Q16
 - Servicing portfolio grew to \$245.8 billion in UPB, up 3% from September 30, 2017 and 27% from December 31, 2016
 - Pretax income excluding valuation-related items was \$28.2 million, down 24% from 3Q17 and up 15% from 4Q16
 - Valuation-related items include a \$28.0 million increase in mortgage servicing rights (MSR) values, a \$20.8 million decline from hedging, and a \$4.6 million gain due to the change in fair value of the excess servicing spread (ESS) liability
 - Entered into an agreement to acquire a bulk portfolio of Ginnie Mae and conventional MSRs with UPB of approximately \$3.6 billion⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ See slide 17 for details

⁽²⁾ This transaction is subject to continuing due diligence and customary closing conditions. There can be no assurance regarding the size of the transaction or that the transaction will be completed at all.

Fourth Quarter Highlights (continued)

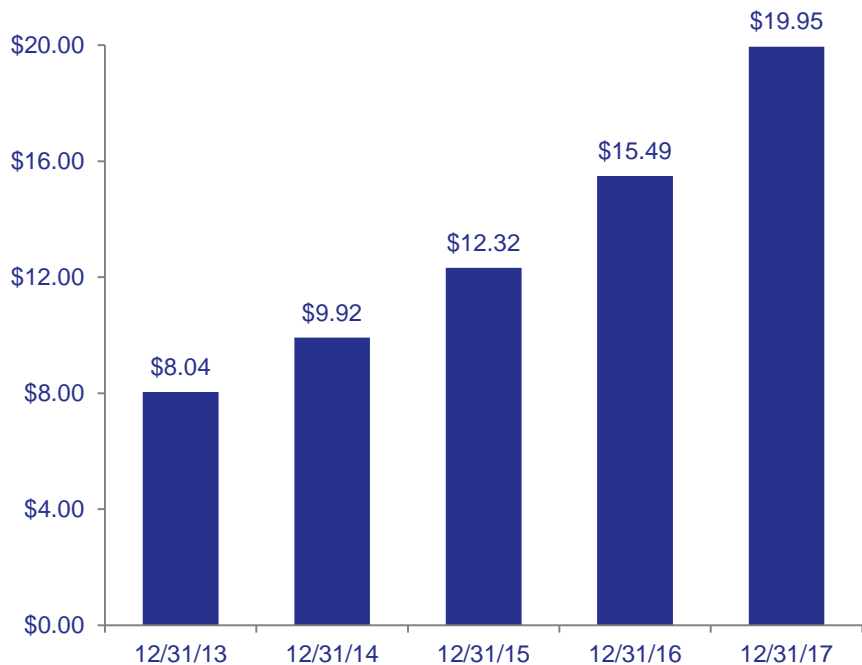
- Investment Management segment pretax income was \$1.5 million, up from \$0.7 million in 3Q17 and up from \$0.4 million in 4Q16
 - Net assets under management (AUM) were \$1.6 billion, down 4% from September 30, 2017 and up 2% from December 31, 2016

Notable activity after quarter-end:

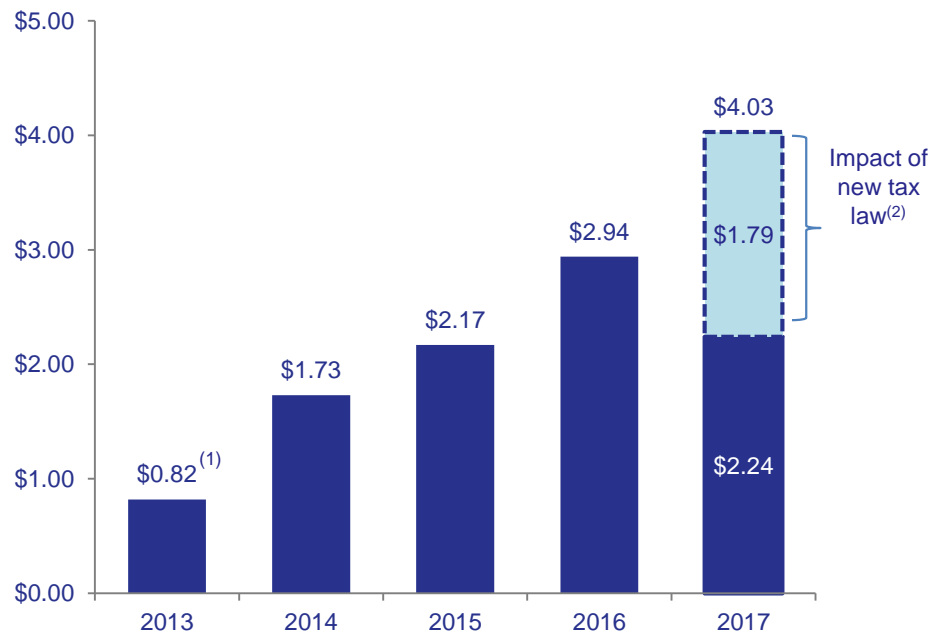
- Launched the Broker Direct channel in January 2018, offering mortgage brokers access to the Company's state-of-the-art POWERSM platform

Substantial Book Value and EPS Growth for PennyMac Financial

Book Value Per Share



Diluted Earnings Per Share



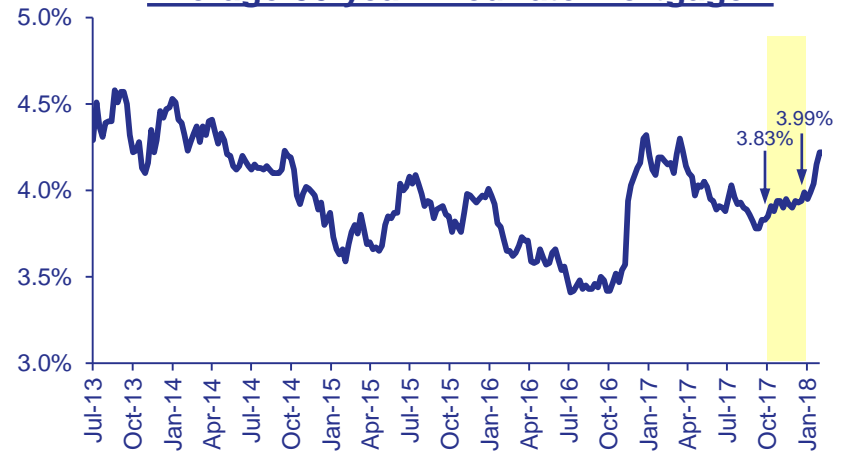
⁽¹⁾ Represents partial year

⁽²⁾ See slide 17 for details

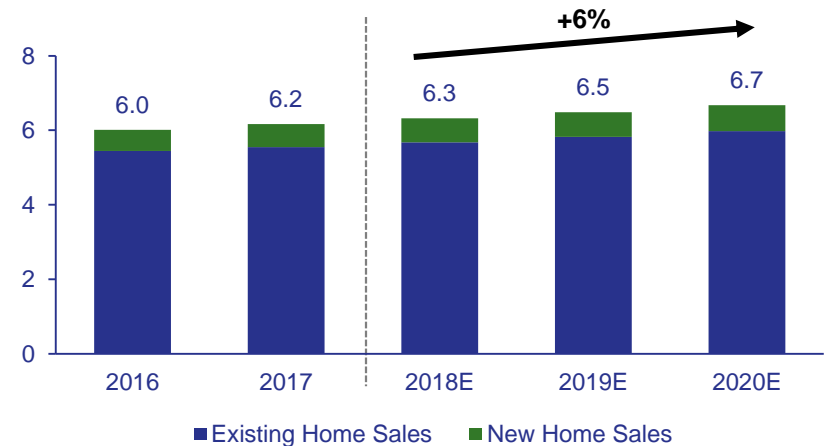
Current Market Environment

- Interest rates increased steadily throughout 4Q17
 - Mortgage rates increased 16 basis points to 3.99% at quarter end and have increased to 4.22% after quarter end⁽¹⁾
 - Average refinance application activity as tracked by the MBA decreased 14% from the 3Q17 average⁽²⁾
- Home sales showed renewed strength in 4Q17, reaching their highest levels of the year
 - Fundamental economic and demographic drivers for home sales growth remain positive
 - Mortgage market origination estimates forecast multi-year growth in purchase-money originations driven by continued strong demand for homes
- Mortgage performance remains strong
 - Recent near-term increase in delinquencies is expected to be transitory; attributable to the recent natural disasters and typical seasonal factors⁽³⁾

Average 30-year fixed rate mortgage⁽¹⁾



Home Sales⁽⁴⁾
(in millions)



⁽¹⁾ Freddie Mac Primary Mortgage Market Survey. 4.22% as of 2/1/2018

⁽²⁾ Mortgage Bankers Association Refinance Index – 3Q17 average was 1,390, and 4Q17 average was 1,202

⁽³⁾ Black Knight Financial Services – Total U.S. loan delinquency rate (30 day+ delinquent but not in foreclosure) was 4.71% as of December 31, 2017 compared to 4.40% as of September 30, 2017

⁽⁴⁾ Actual results are from National Association of Realtors and the Census Bureau – seasonally adjusted. Forecast estimates are from the Mortgage Bankers Association

Implications of the Tax Cuts & Jobs Act

Housing Market

- Should be a long-term positive for housing driven by the overall stimulus for the U.S. economy
 - Economic growth has historically supported improved real estate values and home sales
 - Increases in disposable income for many households should aid homeownership
- May have mixed impact on home prices in the near term
 - Reduction in the maximum mortgage interest deduction to \$750,000 and a cap on state and local tax deductions could negatively impact high-cost areas (e.g., California, Northeast)

Mortgage Industry

- Reduced corporate tax rate significantly improves the after-tax profitability for taxable industry participants including PFSI
- Lower mortgage interest deduction cap does not impact Agency market (government and conventional conforming loans), which comprises 80% of total U.S. mortgage originations
- Uncertain impact on competition and production margins over time (e.g., depends on alternative investments available for banks)

PennyMac Entities

- New 20% deduction for dividends from a real estate investment trust (REIT) increases the attractiveness of owning REIT stocks such as PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust (NYSE: PMT) for many investors

Key Initiatives for PennyMac Financial's Businesses in 2018

Correspondent Production

- Maintain market leadership with existing and new customers
- Well-positioned for the evolving market environment given purchase-money orientation (79% of acquisitions in 2017)
- Reintroduce a prime jumbo offering
- PMT's strategy of investing in GSE credit risk transfer (CRT) and MSR is a positive aspect of participating in the conventional conforming market

Consumer Direct Production

- Reengineering fulfillment workflows, incorporating parallel processing capabilities to drive greater accuracy and faster processing, at lower cost
- Implementing consumer direct portal enhancements and driving greater utilization of GSE technology to streamline the origination process
- Increasing cash out refinance loans and expanding in equity lending through a HELOC product offering

Broker Direct Production

- Launched in 1Q18; POWERSM platform provides seamless integration between brokers and our centralized sales and fulfillment functions
- Expect to ramp up volume in a controlled manner throughout 2018; focused on attractive market segments, such as purchase-money and prime jumbo loans

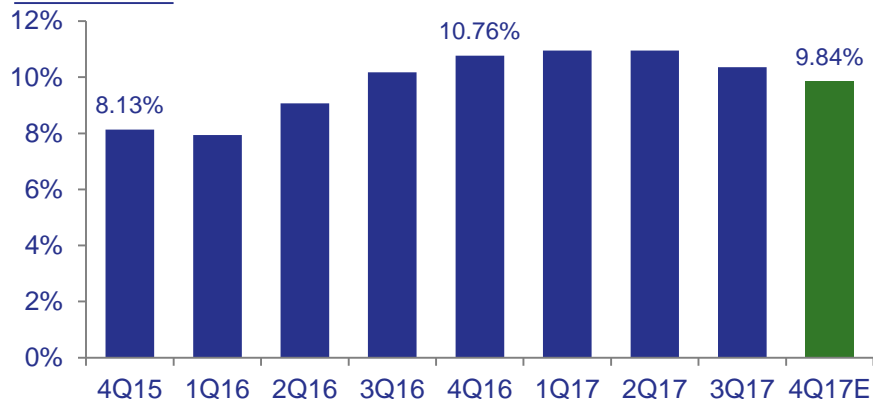
Loan Servicing

- Servicing returns should benefit from a higher interest rate environment (slower prepayments, increased value from custodial deposits) and a strong economy
- Continued emphasis on technology investments to realize greater efficiencies and cost savings; targeting deployment of 68 system enhancement modules in 2018
- Expect profitability to benefit from greater economies of scale and efficiencies resulting from these technology investments and portfolio growth

Trends in PennyMac Financial's Businesses

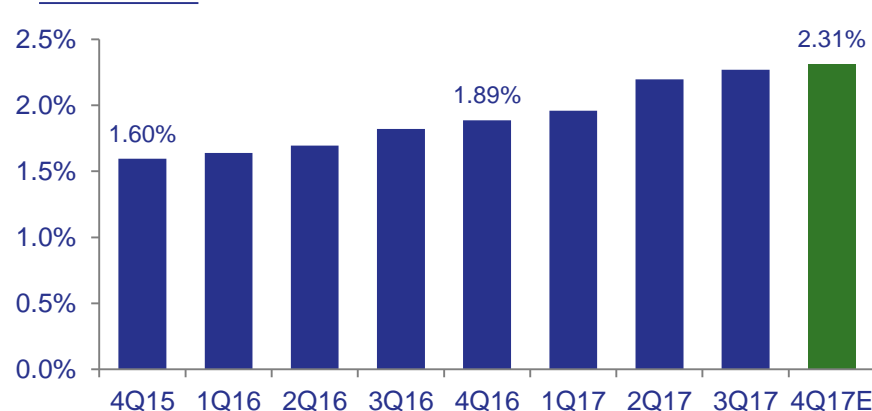
Correspondent Production⁽¹⁾

Market Share



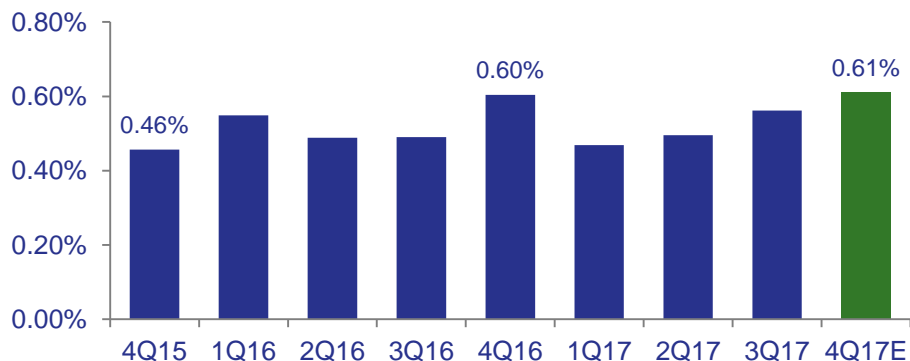
Loan Servicing⁽¹⁾

Market Share



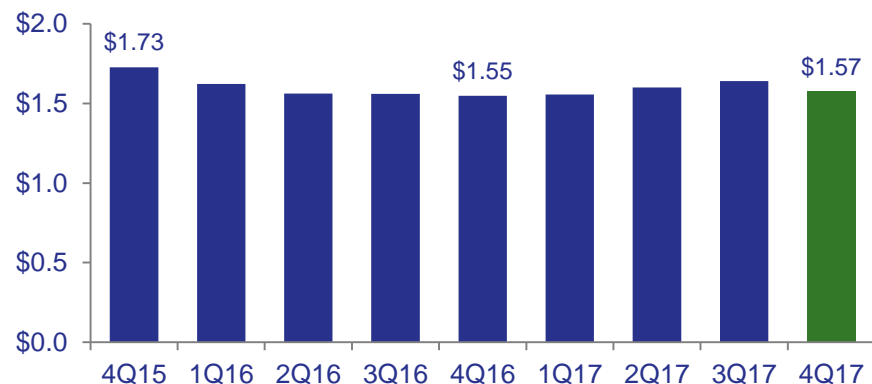
Consumer Direct Production⁽¹⁾

Market Share



Investment Management

AUM (billions)

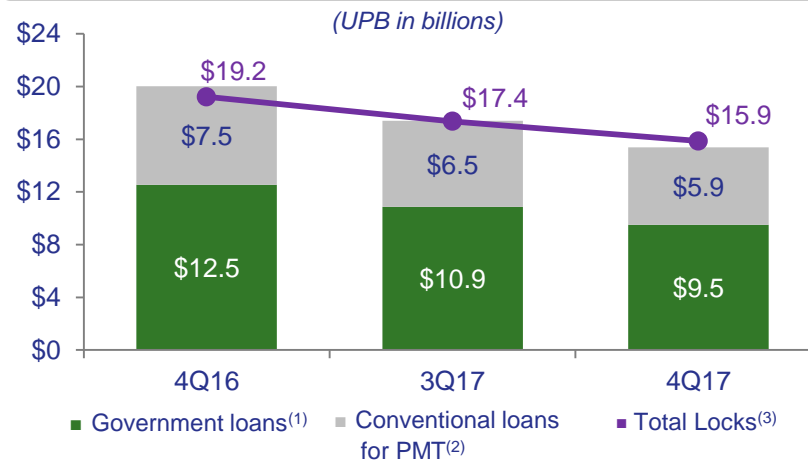


⁽¹⁾ Source: Inside Mortgage Finance and company estimates. Inside Mortgage Finance estimates total 4Q17 origination market of \$475 billion. Correspondent production share estimate is based on PFSI and PMT acquisition volume of \$15.4 billion divided by \$156 billion for the correspondent market (estimated to be 33% of total origination market). Consumer direct production share is based on PFSI originations of \$1.64 billion divided by \$269 billion for the retail market (estimated to be 57% of total origination market). Loan servicing market share is based on PFSI's servicing UPB of \$245.8 billion divided by an estimated \$10.6 trillion in mortgage debt outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

Production Segment Highlights – Correspondent Channel

- Correspondent acquisitions by PMT in 4Q17 totaled \$15.4 billion, down 12% Q/Q and down 23% Y/Y
 - 62% government loans; 38% conventional loans
 - 10% Q/Q decline in conventional conforming acquisitions, and down 21% Y/Y
 - Total lock volume of \$15.9 billion, down 9% Q/Q and 17% Y/Y; government locks totaled \$9.6 billion, down 13% Q/Q and 22% Y/Y
- Volume decline from the prior quarter resulted from increased competition and seasonal factors
- Revenue per fallout-adjusted lock increased Q/Q, due in part to optimization of financing arrangements
- Seller relationships totaled 613 at quarter end
- January correspondent acquisitions totaled \$4.8 billion; locks totaled \$4.4 billion

Correspondent Volume and Mix



Key Financial Metrics		
	3Q17	4Q17
Revenue per fallout-adjusted correspondent lock ⁽⁴⁾	51 bps	54 bps
Weighted average fulfillment fee ⁽⁵⁾	36bps	33bps

Selected Operational Metrics		
	3Q17	4Q17
Correspondent seller relationships	604	613
Purchase money loans, as a % of total acquisitions	83%	76%

⁽¹⁾ For government-insured and guaranteed loans, PFSI earns income from holding and selling or securitizing the loans

⁽²⁾ For conventional loans, PFSI earns a fulfillment fee from PMT rather than income from holding and selling or securitizing the loans

⁽³⁾ Includes locks related to PMT loan acquisitions, including conventional loans for which PFSI earns a fulfillment fee upon loan funding

⁽⁴⁾ Includes net gains on mortgage loans held for sale, loan origination fees and net interest income for government-insured correspondent loans; lock volume adjusted for expected fallout, which was 3% in 4Q17 for government-insured correspondent locks

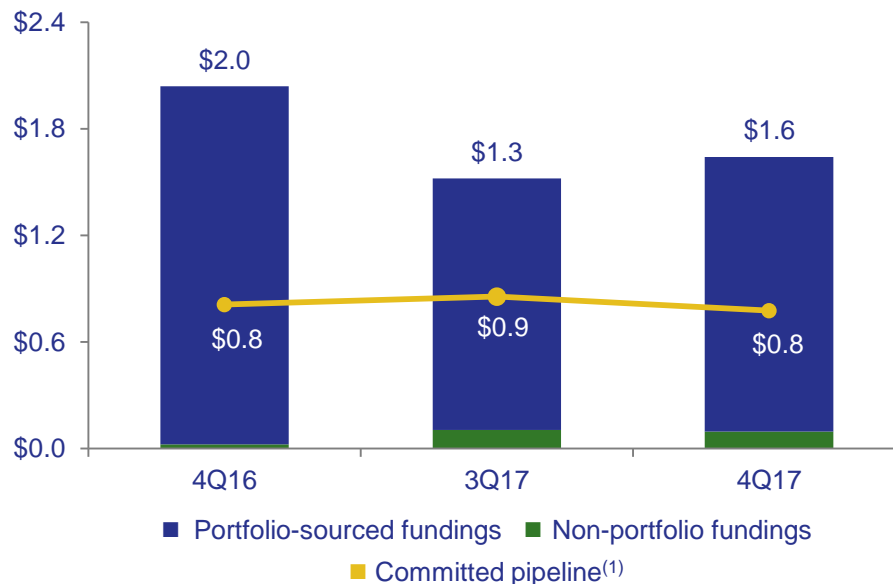
⁽⁵⁾ Fulfillment fees are based on funding volumes. The weighted average fulfillment fee rate reflects discretionary reductions to facilitate the successful completion of certain loan transactions by PMT

Production Segment Highlights – Consumer Direct Channel

- Consumer direct production volume of \$1.6 billion in 4Q17, up 8% Q/Q and down 20% Y/Y
 - Successful recapture initiatives drove higher volumes
- January consumer direct originations totaled \$509 million; locks totaled \$662 million
 - \$659 million committed pipeline at January 31, 2018⁽¹⁾
- Pull-through rates on interest rate lock commitments consistent with 3Q17's improved levels
 - 67% for 4Q17 locks from 66% in the prior quarter

Consumer Direct Production Volume

(UPB in billions)



Consumer Direct Metrics

	3Q17	4Q17
Revenue per fallout-adjusted consumer direct lock ⁽²⁾	363	370
Committed Pipeline (\$ in millions) ⁽³⁾	\$856	\$777

⁽¹⁾ Commitments to originate mortgage loans at specified terms at period end

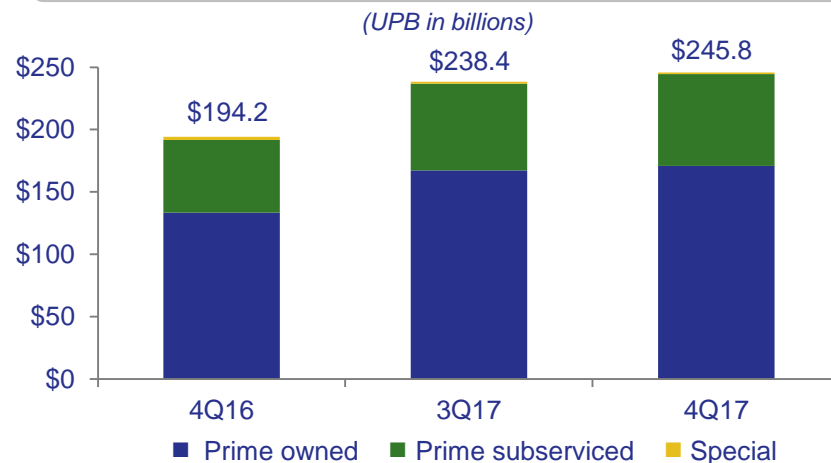
⁽²⁾ Includes net gains on mortgage loans held for sale, loan origination fees and net interest income; lock volume adjusted for expected fallout, which was 33% in 4Q17 for consumer direct locks

⁽³⁾ As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017

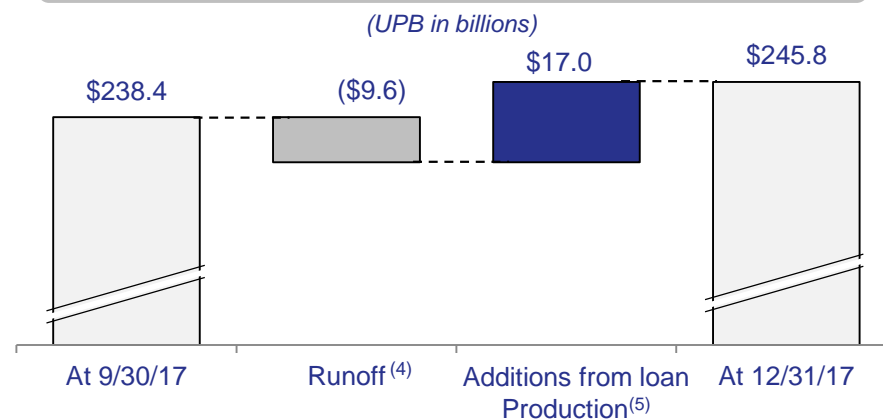
Servicing Segment Highlights

- Servicing portfolio totaled \$245.8 billion in UPB at the end of the fourth quarter, up 3% from 3Q17 and 27% from 4Q16
- Mortgages 60 days or more past due were 3.5%, up from 2.5% in the prior quarter
 - Increase partially attributable to typical seasonal trends
 - Non-seasonal increase related to recent natural disasters and is expected to decrease during 2018
- Completed modifications decreased somewhat during the quarter, however the pipeline of modifications in process increased

Loan Servicing Portfolio Composition



Net Portfolio Growth



Selected Operational Metrics

	3Q17	4Q17
Loans serviced (in thousands)	1,210	1,248
60+ day delinquency rate	2.5%	3.5%
Actual CPR - owned portfolio	15.5%	15.9%
Actual CPR - sub-serviced ⁽¹⁾	10.8%	10.4%
UPB of completed modifications (\$ in millions)	\$481	\$380
EBO transactions (\$ in millions) ⁽²⁾	\$487	\$1,103
Electronic payments (% of portfolio)	84%	85%
Customers registered for the website ⁽³⁾	78%	81%

⁽¹⁾ Represents PMT's MSRs

⁽²⁾ Early buyouts of delinquent loans from Ginnie Mae pools during the period

⁽³⁾ Percent of serviced and subserviced loans that have registered on PennyMacUSA.com

⁽⁴⁾ Also includes loans servicing released from recent asset sales by PMT and the Investment Funds

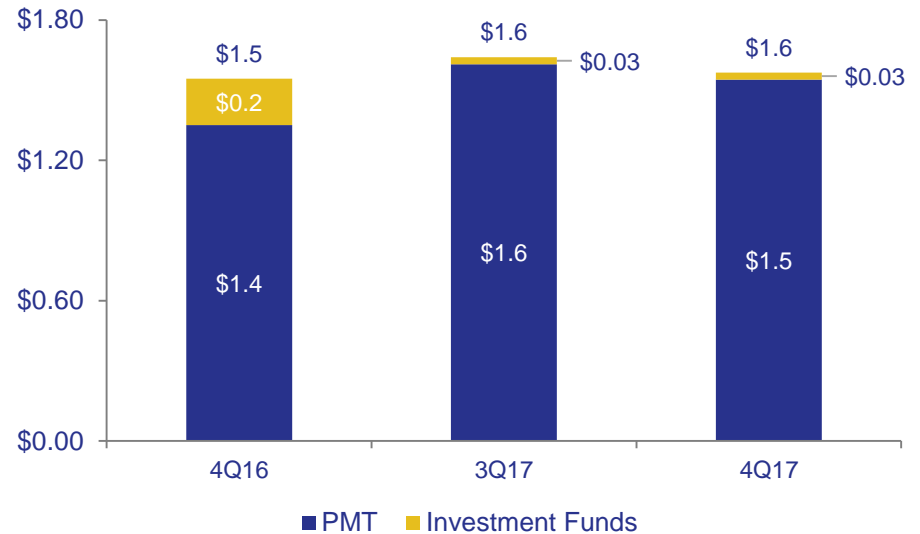
⁽⁵⁾ Includes consumer direct production, government correspondent acquisitions, and conventional conforming and jumbo loan acquisitions subserviced for PMT

Investment Management Segment Highlights

- Net assets under management were \$1.6 billion, down 4% from September 30, 2017
- Reduction in assets under management reflects PMT's common share buyback activity
 - PMT repurchased approximately 5.2 million common shares at a cost of \$83 million from November 6, 2017 through January 5, 2018⁽¹⁾
 - In December, PMT's Board of Trustees authorized an increase in the size of its share repurchase program from \$200 million to \$300 million
 - Repurchases allow PMT to acquire its common shares at a discount to book value and enhance equity returns

Investment Management AUM

(\$ in billions)

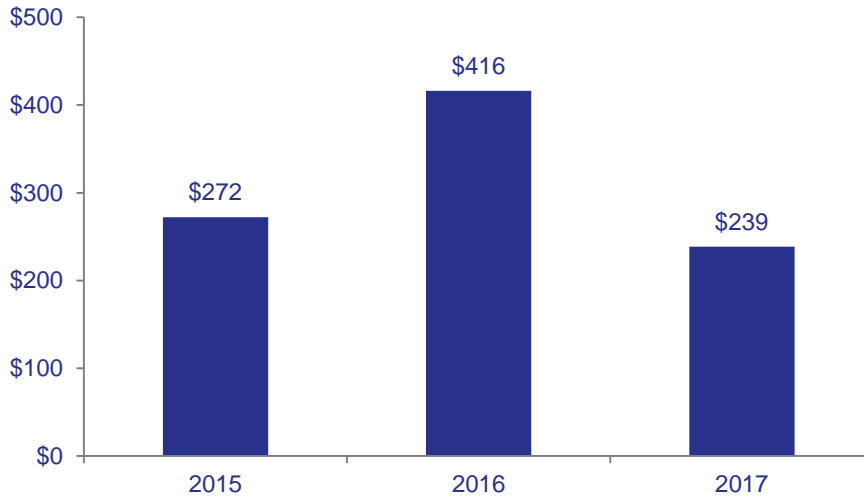


⁽¹⁾ PFSI net assets under management of \$1.6 billion at December 31, 2017 does not reflect PMT share buyback activity between January 2, 2018 and January 5, 2018.

Production and Servicing Segment Profitability

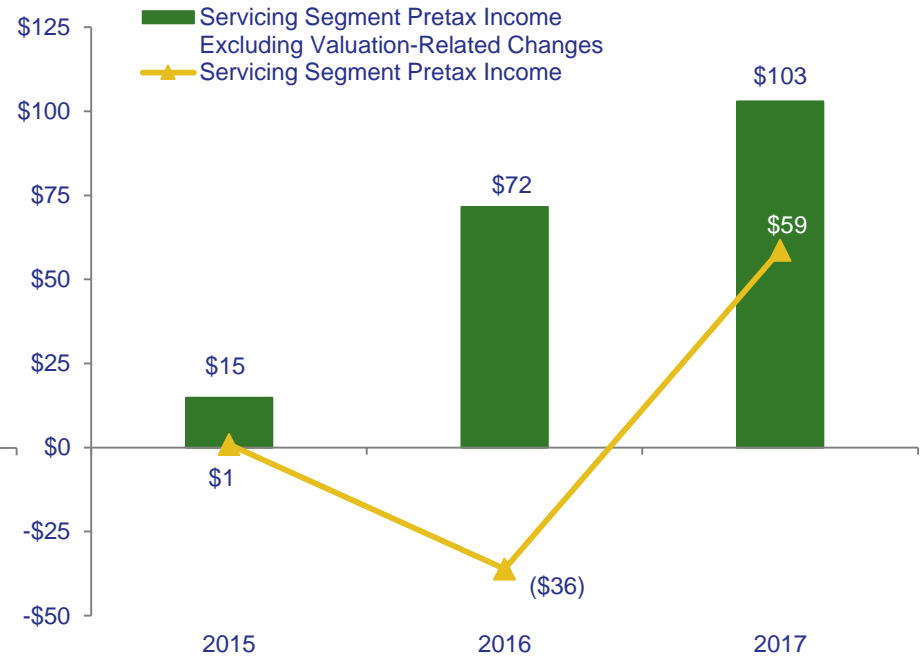
Production Segment Pretax Income

(\$ in millions)



Servicing Segment Pretax Income

(\$ in millions)

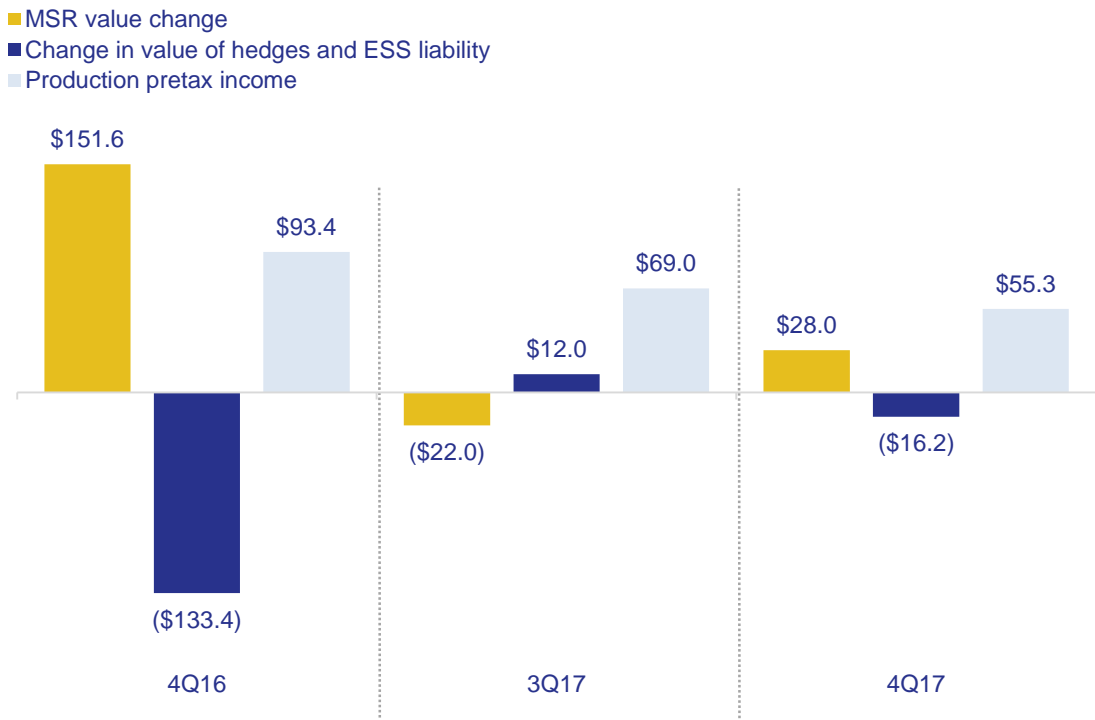


⁽¹⁾ Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value, loan origination fees and net interest income and other.

Hedging Approach Continues to Moderate the Volatility of PFSI's Results

MSR Valuation Changes and Offsets

(\$ in millions)



- PFSI seeks to moderate the impact of interest rate changes through a comprehensive hedge strategy that also considers production-related income
- In 4Q17, MSR fair value increased due to higher mortgage rates and reduced discount rates on government MSRs
- Partially offset by declines in our hedge instruments; reduction in value of ESS liability driven by yield curve flattening and higher than expected prepayment activity

Servicing Profitability Excluding Valuation-Related Changes

	4Q16		3Q17		4Q17	
	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾	\$ in millions	basis points ⁽¹⁾
Operating revenue	\$ 133.7	28.4	\$ 167.4	28.4	\$ 176.1	28.9
Amortization and realization of MSR cash flows	(50.2)	(10.7)	(65.7)	(11.2)	(66.9)	(11.0)
EBO-related revenue ⁽²⁾	24.8	5.3	39.4	6.7	38.6	6.4
Servicing expenses:						
Operating expenses	(53.1)	(11.3)	(65.2)	(11.1)	(67.7)	(11.1)
Credit losses and provisions for defaulted loans	(12.3)	(2.6)	(10.4)	(1.8)	(15.0)	(2.5)
EBO transaction-related expense	(6.3)	(1.3)	(6.1)	(1.0)	(13.3)	(2.2)
Financing expenses:						
Interest on ESS	(5.0)	(1.1)	(4.0)	(0.7)	(3.9)	(0.6)
Interest to third parties	(7.0)	(1.5)	(18.2)	(3.1)	(19.6)	(3.2)
Pretax income excluding valuation-related changes	\$ 24.6	5.2	\$ 37.1	6.3	\$ 28.2	4.6
Valuation-related changes⁽³⁾						
MSR fair value ⁽⁴⁾	151.6		(22.0)		28.0	
ESS liability fair value	(17.1)		4.8		4.6	
Hedging derivatives gains (losses)	(116.3)		7.2		(20.8)	
Provision for credit losses on active loans ⁽⁵⁾	\$ (7.8)		\$ (2.7)		\$ (8.0)	
Servicing segment pretax income (loss)	\$ 35.1		\$ 24.5		\$ 32.0	

- Increase in operating revenue reflects portfolio growth and an increase in ancillary fee revenue
- Efficiency improvements in operating expenses offset by temporary increases in staff to assist borrowers affected by natural disasters
- Higher EBO transaction-related expenses reflect large buyout volumes during the quarter—expected to benefit future period income through reduced costs and resale of performing loans
- Provision for credit losses reflects expected levels of delinquencies resulting from portfolio seasoning and disaster-related loans

⁽¹⁾ Of average portfolio UPB, annualized

⁽²⁾ Comprised of net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value and net interest income related to EBO loans

⁽³⁾ Changes in fair value do not include realization of MSR cash flows, which are included in amortization and realization of MSR cash flows above

⁽⁴⁾ Includes fair value changes and provision for impairment

⁽⁵⁾ Considered in the assessment of MSR fair value changes

Impact of New Tax Law on 4Q17 Results

(\$ in millions)	As Reported	Impact of New Tax Law	Pro Forma Excluding Impact of New Tax law
Total net revenue	\$ 298.6	\$ 32.0	\$ 266.6
Total expenses	176.9	-	176.9
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	(2.1)	13.6	11.5
Net income	123.9	45.7	78.2
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	61.6	-	61.6
Net income attributable to PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. common stockholders	62.3	45.7	16.6
Earnings per share			
Basic	\$ 2.67	\$ 1.96	\$ 0.71
Diluted	\$ 2.44	\$ 1.79	\$ 0.65

- Tax-related items remeasured during the quarter were:
 - Net deferred income tax liability (primary deferred tax liability resulted from the deferred gains related to originated MSR and the primary deferred tax asset related to the step up in basis on exchange of Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC unitholders for PFSI Class A common stock)
 - Tax rate change required a remeasurement of amounts payable to exchanged Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC unitholders under the tax receivable agreement

Changes to Accounting for MSR in 2018

Mortgage Servicing Rights (MSRs) As of December 31, 2017 <i>Unaudited (\$ in millions)</i>	Lower of amortized cost or fair value	Fair value	Total
UPB	\$114,366	\$51,884	\$166,250
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			
Fair value	\$1,482.4	\$638.0	\$2,120.4
Carrying value	\$1,481.6	\$638.0	\$2,119.6

Fair value in excess of carrying value \$0.8

- Through December 31, 2017, PFSI carried most of its originated MSRs at the lower of amortized cost or fair value
- Beginning January 1, 2018, all MSRs will be carried at fair value
 - Allows for single accounting treatment across all MSRs, and carrying value consistent with valuation under financing arrangements, and simplifies hedging activities
- The fair value of MSRs carried at amortized cost or fair value was \$0.8 million in excess of the carrying value at December 31, 2017
 - Change will result in a \$0.8 million increase in assets, a \$0.2 million increase in deferred tax liability, and a \$0.6 million increase in stockholders' equity
 - Change will not be reported in the income statement

Appendix

Overview of PennyMac Financial's Businesses

Loan Production

- Correspondent aggregation of newly originated loans from third-party sellers
 - PFSI earns gains on government-insured loans
 - Fulfillment fees for PMT's conventional loans
- Consumer direct origination of conventional and government-insured loans
- Small balance multifamily origination business

Loan Servicing

- Servicing for owned MSR and subservicing for Advised Entities
- Major loan servicer for Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Ginnie Mae
- Industry-leading capabilities in special servicing
- Organic growth results from loan production, supplemented by MSR acquisitions and PMT investment activity

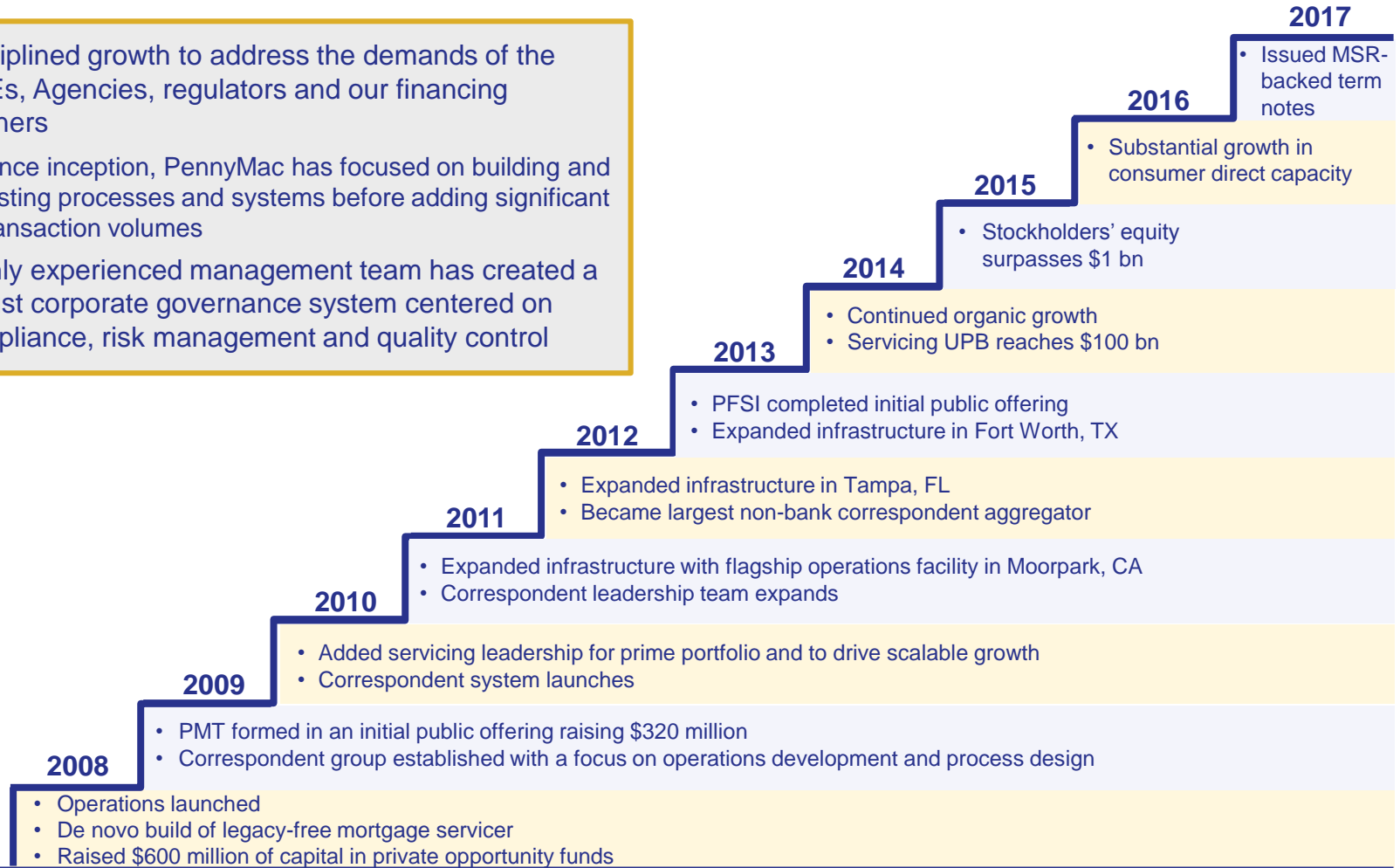
Investment Management

- Serve as external manager for investment vehicles focused on investing in mortgage-related assets:
 - Distressed whole loans
 - MSR and ESS
 - GSE credit risk transfers
 - Investments in prime non-Agency
 - MBS and ABS
 - Multifamily loans and securitization interests
- Synergistic partnership with PMT

- Complex and highly regulated mortgage industry requires effective governance, compliance and operating systems
- PFSI's platform has been developed organically and is highly scalable
- Commitment to strong corporate governance, compliance and risk management since inception
- PFSI is well positioned for continued growth in this market and regulatory environment

PFSI Has Developed in a Sustainable Manner for Long-Term Growth

- Disciplined growth to address the demands of the GSEs, Agencies, regulators and our financing partners
 - Since inception, PennyMac has focused on building and testing processes and systems before adding significant transaction volumes
- Highly experienced management team has created a robust corporate governance system centered on compliance, risk management and quality control



Employees at year end	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	72	128	230	435	1,008	1,373	1,816	2,523	3,099	3,248

PennyMac Financial Is in a Unique Position Among Mortgage Specialists

Industry-leading platform built organically – not through acquisitions

- Not distracted by legacy/regulatory issues
- Disciplined, sustainable growth for more than 9 years
- Focused on building and testing processes and systems before large transaction volumes

Strong governance and compliance culture

- Led by distinguished board which includes seven independent Directors
- Robust management governance structure with 10 committees that oversee key risks and controls
- External oversight by regulators, business partners and other third parties

Desired structure in place to compete effectively as a non-bank

- Synergistic partnership with PMT, a leading residential mortgage REIT and long-term investment vehicle
- Provides access to efficient capital and reduces balance sheet constraints on growth

Distinctive expertise and full range of capabilities across mortgage banking and investment management

- ✓ **Loan production**, e.g., loan fulfillment systems and operations, correspondent counterparty review and management
 - ✓ **Credit**, e.g., loan program development, underwriting and quality control
 - ✓ **Capital markets**, e.g., pooling and securitization, hedging/interest rate risk management
 - ✓ **Servicing**, e.g., customer service, default management, investor accounting
 - ✓ **Corporate functions**, e.g., enterprise risk management, internal audit, treasury, finance and accounting, legal, IT infrastructure and development
-
- Over 3,000 employees
 - Highly experienced management team – 50 senior-most executives have, on average, 26 years of relevant industry experience

Opportunity in MSR Acquisitions

Why Are MSR Sales Occurring?

- Large servicers may sell MSRs due to continuing operational pressures, higher regulatory capital requirements for banks (treatment under Basel III) and a re-focus on core customers/businesses
- Independent mortgage banks sell MSRs from time to time due to a need for capital

How Do MSRs Come to Market?

- Intermittent large bulk portfolio sales (\$10+ billion in UPB)
 - Require considerable coordination with selling institutions and Agencies
- Mini-bulk sales (typically \$500 million to \$5 billion in UPB)
- Flow/co-issue MSR transactions (monthly commitments, typically \$20-\$100 million in UPB)
 - Alternative delivery method typically from larger independent originators

Which MSR Transactions Are Attractive?

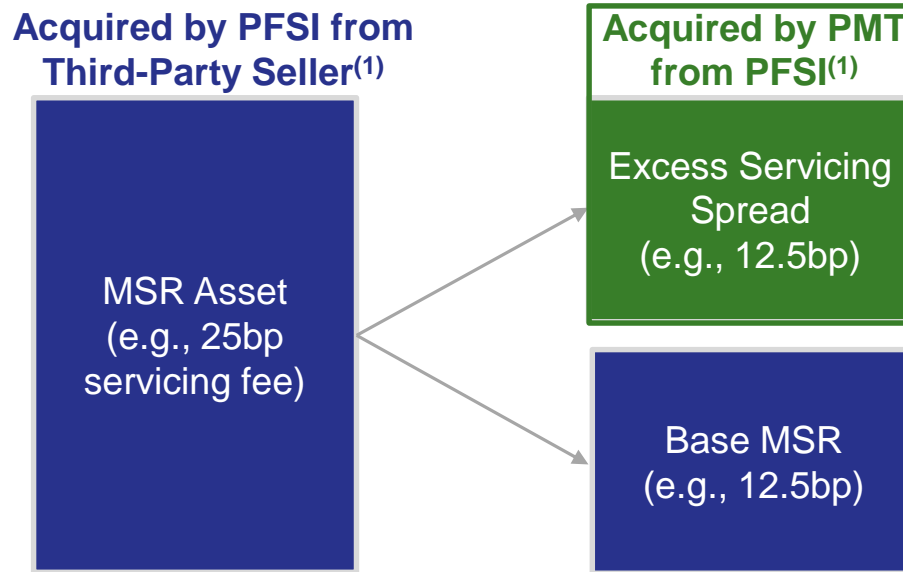
- GSE and Ginnie Mae servicing in which PFSI has distinctive expertise
- MSRs sold and operational servicing transferred to PFSI (not subserviced by a third party)
- Measurable rep and warranty liability for PFSI

PFSI is uniquely positioned to be a successful acquirer of MSRs

- Proven track record of complex MSR and distressed loan transfers
- Operational platform that addresses the demands of the Agencies, regulators and financing partners
- Physical capacity in place to sustain servicing portfolio growth plans
- Potential co-investment opportunity for PMT in the ESS

PFSI's Mortgage Servicing Rights Investments in Partnership with PMT

- PMT has co-invested in Agency MSR assets acquired from third-party sellers by PFSI; presently only related to certain Ginnie Mae MSR assets
- PMT acquires the right to receive the ESS cash flows over the life of the underlying loans
- PFSI owns the MSR assets and services the loans



Example transaction: actual transaction details may vary materially

Excess Servicing Spread⁽²⁾

- Interest income from a portion of the contractual servicing fee
 - Realized yield dependent on prepayment speeds and recapture

Base MSR

- Income from a portion of the contractual servicing fee
- Also entitled to ancillary income
- Bears expenses of performing loan servicing activities
- Required to advance certain payments largely for delinquent loans

⁽¹⁾ The contractual servicer and MSR owner is PennyMac Loan Services, LLC, an indirect controlled subsidiary of PennyMac Financial Services, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Subject and subordinate to Agency rights (under the related servicer or issuer guide) and, as applicable, to PFSI's pledge of MSR assets under a note payable; does not change the contractual servicing fee paid by the Agency to the servicer.

Acquisitions, Originations, and Locks by Product

Unaudited (\$ in millions)	4Q16	1Q17	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17
Correspondent Acquisitions					
Conventional	\$ 7,492	\$ 4,632	\$ 5,918	\$ 6,530	\$ 5,891
Government	12,544	9,280	10,392	10,873	9,505
Jumbo	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 20,037	\$ 13,912	\$ 16,310	\$ 17,403	\$ 15,396
Correspondent Locks					
Conventional	\$ 6,925	\$ 5,184	\$ 7,022	\$ 6,356	\$ 6,293
Government	12,289	9,292	11,209	10,999	9,571
Jumbo	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 19,215	\$ 14,476	\$ 18,231	\$ 17,356	\$ 15,864
Consumer Direct Originations					
Conventional	\$ 492	\$ 305	\$ 414	\$ 513	\$ 646
Government	1,548	730	855	1,008	996
Jumbo	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 2,040	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,268	\$ 1,522	\$ 1,642
Consumer Direct Locks					
Conventional	\$ 698	\$ 669	\$ 805	\$ 845	\$ 947
Government	1,662	1,145	1,476	1,387	1,261
Jumbo	1	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 2,362	\$ 1,814	\$ 2,280	\$ 2,232	\$ 2,209
Total acquisitions/originations	\$ 22,077	\$ 14,947	\$ 17,579	\$ 18,925	\$ 17,038
Total locks	\$ 21,576	\$ 16,290	\$ 20,511	\$ 19,588	\$ 18,073
UPB of loans fulfilled for PMT	\$ 7,492	\$ 4,632	\$ 5,918	\$ 6,530	\$ 5,891

Note: Figures may not sum exactly due to rounding